LIFE BUSINESS IN FORCE OVER Rs. 2,00,00,000
ASSETS OVER Rs. 25,00,000
BRANCHES and Agency Offices at
AHMEDABAD, BARODA, SURAT, POONA, BELGAUM, BANGALORE, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI DELHI, LUCKNOW, CALCUTTA, NAGPUR AND SECUNDERABAD
LIFE ⊕ MARINE ⊕ FIRE
The UNION LIFE & GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.
FORT, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta.

VOL. XXXVI NO. 104 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1948 Price: 2 ANNAS

Sirajmal's for QUALITY DIAMONDS
359, KALBADEVI ROAD BOMBAY. Tel 22236

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF INDIA

ARAB FORCE INVADES PALESTINE

ARTILLERY ATTACK ON KFAR ETZION

Story Of White House Welcoming Developments

WANTS NO JEWISH STATE TO FALL PREY TO COMMUNISM

Haganah Aircraft Act As Bombers

LONDON, May 4. (U.P.A.): The "Exchange Telegraph" reported today from Jerusalem that a large Arab force, reportedly including Arab legionnaires, had been attacking Kfar Etzion since dawn, using artillery.

The "Telegraph" said Jewish sources reported the Arabs had captured the abandoned Russian monastery near Kfar Etzion and a counter-attack was expected momentarily.

An unconfirmed report said Haganah aircraft were dropping 25 pound anti-personnel bombs in the area.

LEBANESE TROOPS CROSS BORDER?

TEL AVIV, May 4. (U. P. A.): Haganah headquarters in Tel Aviv reported today that Lebanese troops, with light artillery, crossed the Palestine border this morning near the Lebanese village of Odissa, which is near the Jewish settlement of Ramot Naftali in Upper Galilee.

WHITE HOUSE SUPPORTS?

CAIRO, May 4. (U.P.A.): The Arabic weekly, "Rosa al Yussef", said today that Camillee Shamoun, Lebanese delegate to the United Nations, told the Arab League's Political Committee that the White House actually favours the idea of an invasion of Palestine by Arab regular armies.

The publication said the White House fears a Jewish State in Palestine might become a Communist focal point in the Middle East. It said Washington's fears were strengthened, especially after the attempt of illegal refugees to enter Palestine from the Iron Curtain countries several weeks ago aboard the ships, "Pan York" and "Pan Crescent".

The weekly said Shamoun assured the Committee that the United States would not support military or any other kind of sanctions against the Arab states if they decided to send their armies into the Holy Land.

STERN GANG BREAKS UP TRUCE

TEL AVIV, May 4. (Reuter): The Jewish Stern Gang today announced it was ending its "truce" with British forces in Palestine and said "our direct war against the British enemy will be resumed".

Its "Communique", regarded as a reply to the arrival of British reinforcements in Palestine said the British Army was unable to maintain Law and Order.

Arab invasion forces, according to reports from Damascus, may be preparing a three-pronged attack on northern, central and southern Palestine, they are beginning to move towards the future battle-grounds, "Reuter" despatches said.

Plans ratified by the Arab leaders in Amman, Transjordan capital, over a week ago, are believed to provide for:

1. Syrian and Lebanese troops to attack in the north.
2. The Transjordan Arab Legion and Iraqi troops to drive for the centre.
3. About 15,000 Egyptian to strike in the southern section.

Reuters special correspondent at Arab army headquarters reported from Damascus that a motorised Iraqui army brigade had already arrived in Transjordan and was expected to link up with King Abdullah's British-trained Arab Legion in immident thrust across the Palestine frontier.

Fawzi Al Kawkji, Arab Commander in the field, predicted that Arab regular armies would enter Palestine within a few days.

King ibn Saud will "do his utmost to save Palestine for the Arabs", the Saudi Arabian legation in Bagdad stated officially today.

"He regards Palestine as his own cause and is co-operating fully with member states of the Arab Leagle to establish an independent Palestine Arab state" the legation added.

ARAB PREPARATIONS

Arab headquarters in Damascus said in a communique today that Arab and Jews Haganah forces kept

(Continued On Page 5)

U. N. ASSEMBLY ADJOURNS

LAKE SUCCESS, May 4. (Reuter): A meeting of the United Nations General Assembly arranged for to-day to hear the Trusteeship Council's report on its efforts to ensure the safety of Jerusalem was postponed indefinitely as the Council failed to agree on its report.

The Council had two hours' further indefinite discussion to-day after yesterday's prolonged debate and adjourned until later to-night.

King Abdullah's Offer To Jews

LAKE SUCCESS, May 4 (Reuter): King Abdullah of Transjordan offered today, in a telegram to United Nations, to give Palestinian Jews full Arab nationality in a single Palestine State as a means of ending the present "slaughter".

King Abdullah said the calamities occurring in Palestine were beyond belief and after May 15 would reach the pinnacle of horror. He deplored the useless killing and attacks." I am nevertheless persuaded that the Jewish people as a whole desire to live in amity with the Arabs", he said. "Everything cries for intervention to halt this butchery.

"We now declare our readiness to give the Jews in Palestine full Arab nationality in a Unitary State sharing all that we share, while yet enjoying a special administration in particular areas. Thus will end the slaughter and the people will live in peace and security for ever."

Did Jews Steal From British Army?

LONDON, May 4 (Reuter): Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, British War Minister, said today in the House of Commons that the Jewish military organisations, Haganah and Irgun Zvai Leumi, were thought to have over 100 armoured fighting vehicles, though there was no information to show they had any tanks.

Answering a question he said: "They have a very small number of track vehicles as Bren gun-carriers and possibly a number of half-track vehicles The armoured cars are produced largely by armouring ordinary vehicles. In isolated cases Bren-gun-Carriers have been stolen from the British Army."

Middle East Command was trying to find out from where the half-tracked vehicles came.

No Aussies For Palestine

SYDNEY, May 4. (Reuter): Australia tightened travel regulations to-day to prevent Australians volunteering for Arab or Jewish forces in Palestine.

Raiders Lose Initiative

JAMMU, May 4. (A.P.I.): Indian troops, who have been tenaciously holding the encircled town and communication centre of Poonch, 35 miles from Uri and Rajaori and 125 miles from Jammu, are to-day wresting the initiative from the enemy, writes an A.P.I. correspondent.

Kashmir Case To Come Up On Thursday

LAKE SUCCESS, May 4, (Reuter): The United Nations Security Council at its meeting on Thursday will take up the India-Pakistan case as the first item on the agenda.

U. S. Air Base In Japan

TOKYO, May 4. (U.P.A.): American authorities confirmed to-day that they are constructing a large Military air base at Misawa in northern Honshu within easy fighter range of Vladivostok, Russia's major military sea outpost.

MAHATMA GANDHI'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY

AHMEDABAD, May 4 (API) Mr. Jivanji Desai, Managing Trustee of the Navjivan Trust, Ahmedabad, has issued the following statement in condection with the press report recently published to the effect that Mahatma Gandhi's autobiography, "Story Of My Experiments With Truth" is to be published by the Public Affairs Press of Washington under arrangements with the Navjivan Trust:- "It is necessary to clear the position of Navjivan Trust in this matter. The Trust has made no such arrangements with anybody in America and we have not given permission to the Public Affairs Press of Washington to issue an American edition of Mahatma Gandhi's autobigraphy.

NEW DELHI, May 4 (UPI): An agreement has been reached between the Governments of East Punjab and the West Punjab on the dispute over the supply of canal water to West Punjab. It is understood that the West Punjab Government has accepted the authority of the East Punjab Government on the waters of the rivers flowing through its territories.

Lt.-General Maharaj Rajendra Singhji the newly appointed G.O.C. in-Chief, Southern Command.

INDIA GOVERNMENT TO TAKE OVER CUTCH

RULER'S PRIVY PURSE FIXED

NEW DELHI, May 4, (A.P.I.): The Government of India are taking over the administration of Cutch, a strategically important frontier State, from June 1, it is learned.

The decision is believed to have been arrived at following discussions between the Cutch Praja Mandal leaders and the States Ministry and the Maharao of Cutch.

The State is likely to become a Chief Commissioner's Province. The Chief Commissioner would conduct the administration, aided and assisted by chosen leaders of the Praja Mandal. It is understood that the privy purse of the ruler has also been settled.

Mr. Bhawanji Arjun Khimji, a member of the Constituent Assembly, Mr. Gulab Shanker Amritlal and Mr. Jamiatram Vaidya, Cutch leaders, met the Secretary of the States Ministry, Mr. V. P. Menon, today.

The transfer of the administration of Cutch to the Dominion Government would take place on June 1, 1948. The State would, however, remain a separate administrative unit and no change in this position will be made except after prior consultation with the Maharao of Cutch. The agreement between the Maharao and the Government provides for the continuance of all the personal rights, privileges and titles of His Highness as heretofore.

SARDAR'S ASSURANCE

A U.P.I. message says: Sardar Patel has expressed very high appreciation of the patriotic manner in which His Highness the Maharao of Cutch has acted since the assession of Cutch to the Dominion of India in the larger interest of the whole country.

The Government of India have assured the Maharao and the people of the State that this area will be developed and the standard of living and administration will be secured to Cutch not inferior to that prevailing in any of the provinces.

Direct Action Threat To Khairpur

KARACHI, May 4. (A.P.I.): The threat of a direct action movement in Khairpur State by the State Muslim League (Zamindari Association) is now not likely to be implemented as a result of negotiations that have started between the representatives of the Khairpur Administration and the State's Muslim League.

The office-bearers of the Khairpur State Muslim League have been summoned to Karachi for consultations and it is learned that instructions have been sent by the States Muslim League to the Zamindari Association to suspend the direct action programme in Krairpur, pending the negotiations.

RESPONSIBLE GOVT. IN PAKISTAN STATES

KARACHI, May 4, (A.P.I.): A conference between the Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, officials of Pakistan's States Department and representatives of the States Muslim League, will shortly be held in Karachi to discuss the general problems in the States of Pakistan, it was learned here today.

The States Muslim League has been working for the establishment of responsible Government in the States which have acceded to Pakistan, and discussions in this regard are likely to take place at the conference.

Rs. 1,600 Crores Lost In W. Pakistan

BENARES, May 4 (A.P.I.): Mr Sri Prakasa, India's High Commissioner in Pakistan, at a press conference here on Sunday estimated the value of the immoveable property left behind by evacuees in western Pakistan at about 1,600 crores of rupees and not 16 crores as reported earlier.

BUTLER CHAMPIONS HYDERABAD

LONDON, May 4. (Reuter): Mr. Richard Butler, chief opposition speaker in to-day's House of Commons debate on foreign affairs, said that the Soviet "imperialist dagger" was ever ready to be used against a body that was sick and if the Kashmir problem was not solved it might well develop into a larger one than now.

The Kashmir dispute, he said, was the most difficult type of question the United Nations could handle. It was satisfactory that arrangements had been made for plebiscite by which a peaceful solution might be found.

Mr. Butler referred to the "rather warlike and undesirable" language which he said had been used by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru about Hyderabad.

He did not think the solution was as simple as had been made. It did not resolve into a clear choice between annexation or war.

He thought Britain should take the opportunity of pressing the "just claims of Hyderabad to be independent if she wished to be independent" and if she so desired to be a member of Commonwealth herself.

Mr. Butler was glad to note the appointment of Mr. Rajagopalachari as Governor-General of India. He is a man of sterling character and one we can all admire and sympathise with in the great responsibilities he will eventually undertake".

Pakistan Ready To Defend Itself, Says Liaquat

KARACHI, May 4, (A.P.I.): Addressing some five thousand men and officers of the Pakistan armed forces at Malir Cantonment this evening the Prime Minister and Defence Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan declared: 'We want to live at peace with our neighbours and we desire to establish friendly relations with every country; but, if any country, be it one of the greatest powers of the world attacks us we will defend ourselves with all our might and with all the resources at our command".

Mr. Liaquat Ali, Khan was speaking in Urdu at a retreat arranged in his honour by the 8th division at their headquarters in Malir Cantonment.

Bevin Can Tackle Kremlin But Not Communism

LONDON, MAY 4 (REUTER): FOREIGN MINISTER ERNEST BEVIN, TOLD PARLIAMENT TONIGHT THAT THERE WAS LITTLE CHANCE OF A LASTING SETTLEMENT BETWEEN BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET UNION UNTIL THE KREMLIN CHANGED ITS "IDEOLOGICAL ATTITUDE".

"I have always felt that if we had only to deal with Russia and not with Communist idealogy, a settlement would be possible," he said

"The trouble which is preventing agreement is the assumption that any settlement we may make must be so designed as to further the Communist objective."

Mr. Bevin was opening a two-day debate in the House of Commons on foreign policy.

Of recent disputes in Berlin between the Western Powers and the Soviet Union, Mr. Bevin said: "We are in Berlin, as of right. It is our intention to stay there. I trust that attempts to settle this problem by a war of nerves will be brought to an end. I trust that discussions will take the place of recent provocations. "I have no doubt that the steadiness of our attitude will be clearly shown if put to the test."

In his world survey Mr. Bevin made these other points:

PALESTINE: "We do not depart from our decision to retain the Mandate only until May 15. There is no question of using our resources after May 15 to enforce any kind of settlement against the wishes of either party. There is still time for moderation and reason to win, but in a few days it may be too late."

SOUTH-EAST ASIA

SOUTH EAST ASIA: "Our main concern there has been to do all in our power to promote political development, to co-ordinate the production and resources of that great rice area in order to avert faminie on a terrifying scale, and to allow it after the invasion and disturbances to resume nomal life.

Hence the setting up in Singapore of an organisation to co-ordinate Britain's whole policy and to ensure the fullest liaison between the territories in that area.

The time had now come for that organisation to be combined with that under the Governor-General, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, who would not assume full responsibility as Commissioner-General.

The fact that a peace treaty with Japan had not yet been concluded has slowed down progress towards the restoration of normal conditions and the improvement of the standard of living of the peoples of South-East Asia and the Far East generally Mr. Bevin declared.

"We shall continue to use our best endeavour to further the progressive, social, political and economic development of all the peoples in the Far East and particularly South-East Asia."

SOVEREIGNTY WON'T STAND IN WAY

WESTERN UNION: "We have no intention whatever of being diverted from the great practical task to which we have set our hand by any academic discussions about sovereignty. We all want the treaty to be a really effective instrument of co-operation in every field and I believe we have begun on sound lines.

"In the realm of defence we are concocting nothing aggresive against anyone.

"In the end we hope others will join us in the Western Union. Anyone who comes into the scheme must be treated on terms of absolute equality."

AUSTRIA: We now seem considerably nearer to getting an Austrian Treaty. We are prepared to go on being patient, if that is the way to realise our aim. That aim is the re-establishment of a truly free, democratic sovereign Australia."

ITALY MUST NOT GET TRIESTE

ITALY: 'I recognise that in Italy there are still great obstacles to be surmounted before it is quite clear exactly what role Italy is to play in the post-war world. Trieste in our view should not be returned to Italy."

Speaking in the Debate after Mr. Bevin, Mr. Richard Butler a former Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, named Palestine and India as "flash-points" when stressing the danger of Soviet "imperialism

"The Russian land mass, largely Asiatic, with a policy of world Communist domination—ultimately at any rate—can and will exert pressure.

"Those of us who attempt to follow the expansion of Soviet imperialism see it spreading over China.

"We remember its pressure on Persia and Turkey and the real danger flash-points are in Palestine, in India and perhaps elsewhere"

Mr. Butler made these points.—

Western Union "There must be more urgency in pursuing this desirable aim. We feel there is need for vision, determination and drive not only in the west but in the areas of the Middle and Far East."

FAR EAST: What part was Japan to play? He asked for unforfation about Japan's state of self-

(Continued On Page 5)

Govt. Declares War On Cloth Profiteers

MINISTERIAL MACHINERY TO TACKLE PROBLEM

Tariff Board To Fix Fair Ex-Mill Prices: State To Confiscate Excess Profits

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 4. The Government of India after all have been moved by misery of cotton textile consumers. The unwarranted sky-high prices and blackmarketing to earn Income Tax-free profits has perturbed New Delhi authorities. Government is likely to come down with a heavy hand within this week, confiscating to the State all profits charged over and above fair prices fixed by the Tariff Board, which has already commenced its enquiry.

MACHINERY TO BE SET UP

A special organisation under the direct charge of a Minister probably Mr. N. V. Gadgil—is being set up with summary powers to catch blackmarketers and profiteers. One suggestion is to black-list the Managing Agent and deprive him of his agency for 25 years, if he were found guilty of blackmarketing or profiteering.

Powers are expected to be taken to enter promises and take possession of account books in order to check if there is any duplication or falsification of accounts. If people could be kept under lock and key without trial for weeks and months for mere suspicion of committing political offences, why not similar powers be assumed by Government for anti-social offences, it is urged here.

Government has refused to walk into the millowners' parlour by rejecting their proposal to levy cess of Rs. 200 per loom. Events of last few weeks have shown that millowners would have passed such levy together with their profits to consumers, and would have attributed the high prices to Government's action.

JAP TACTICS

The Government proposes to discuss with the Japanese trade

(Continued On Page 5)

AMTUS SALAM TO FAST UNTO DEATH

Protest Against Bahawalpur State Authorities

NEW DELHI, May 4 (API). Miss Amtus Salam disciple of Mahatma Gandhi and Sevagram Ashramite is on a fast unto death at Dera Nawab Sahib in Bahawalpur State as a protest against the negligence of the State authorities in the work of the recovery of abducted women and children it is learnt here

Miss Salam began her fast yesterday morning. For the last few months she has been engaged in the work of recovery of abducted women and children in different states.

According to Miss Amtus Salam the Bahawalpur State authorities show absolute disregard to the work of recovery of abducted women and do not extend any kind of co-operation" in her work in the absence of the Nawab, who is now in London.

JAIPUR, May 4 (UPI) The engagement of Princess Shri Premkumari, daughter of His Highness the Maharaja of Jaipur, with Yuvraj Shri Jaideep Sidghji of Baria, has been announced today. The marriage will take place at Jaipur on May 27.

DR. G. V. K. MURTHY AT BOMBAY

(EXPERT HOMOEOPATH)

DIABETES.

"A diabetic Patient of 60 years old,—given a number of injections of Insulin—Without any benefit in the deductions of sugar. Under Dr. G. V. K. Murthy's treatment the sugar was reduced to nil. The patient is keeping normal health EVEN AFTER STOPPING THE TREATMENT."

(Sd.) R. L. RAJU, B.E., Executive Engineer, Mysore 6-12-1947.

COLITIS.

I approached the best medical men, I lost all hopes of recovery. I got Dr. G. V. K. Murthy—I had a miraculous relief—By about two months treatment my illness completely disappeared. I am ever grateful to Dr. G. V. K. Murthy for making me fit to come to LONDON for my work in the New Scotland Yard.

(Sd.) B. THIMMARAJ URS B.A., LL.B., A.I.G. of Police in Mysore. Golders Green. London 22-11-'47.

GASTRIC TROUBLES.

"I was treated by various doctors IN INDIA and AT HOME but without any benefit. During this one month's treatment by you—I feel quite fit and free from all gastric troubles."

(Sd.) MAJOR CONERT. Calcutta.

PILES.

"I was completely normal within a short time. It is nearly two years since I had the trouble—I have had no relapses so far. I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr G. V. K. Murthy."

(Sd.) N. SAMPATH IYENGAR B.A., Agricultural Chemist (Retd.), Government of Mysore

HYSTERIA.

A friend's wife—suffering from Hysteria and mental perturbation. The patient under the treatment of Dr. Murthy. Within a short time, the patient returned to normal health. A year now since the treatment is discontinued, is not having any relapses.

(Sd.) N. PUTTURANGASWAMI B.Sc., Collector & Dist Magistrate, 11-12-'47. Bangalore

LEUCODERMA.

A friend of mine has extensive patches of Leucoderma, I am delighted to say that the patches have all pigmented so nicely making one doubt whether the patient was ever suffering— IT IS THE ONLY TRUSTED & TRUSTWORTHY TREATMENT."

(Sd.) R. R GHOSE, M.S.A (Japan), Deputy Director of Sericulture Kashmir

BLOOD-PRESSURE.

"I have undergone treatment for my Blood-pressure and gas trouble under Dr. G. V. K Murthy—after trying allopathy—etc. I am very glad to find a cure under this Homoeopathic system of treatment."

(Sd.) S DORAISWAMY, B.A., Managing Director. M/s T. V. Sundaram Iyengar & Sons.

NEURALGIA.

"I was suffering from pain of the supra-orbital nerve—FOR 25 YEARS I TRIED VARIOUS TREATMENTS—in vain Finally I approached Dr G. V. K. Murthy. His little pills have worked wonders:—I AM FREE FROM THIS TROUBLE FOR THE LAST FOUR YEARS."

(Sd.) C. RAJAGOPAL, B.A., Supt. of Lands Records

YOU TOO CAN GET CURED—CONSULT AT

AMBASSADOR HOTEL, Fort, Bombay.

On the following dates:—
8th, 9th, 11th and 12th May, 1948.
Hours:—8 a.m. to 11 a.m. only.
At other hours by appointment only.
ALL CHRONIC DISEASES SUCCESSFULLY TREATED.
Permanent address for consultation in person or by post.
STATE PHARMACY, Avenue Rd., BANGALORE CITY.

AUSSIES SCORE AGAIN

Leicestershire Suffers Innings Defeat

LEICESTER, MAY 4 (REUTER): THERE WAS NO PLAY BEFORE LUNCH OWING TO RAIN. WITH WIND RAPIDLY DRYING THE TURF AND THE GROUND STAFF HELPING TO SOAK UP THE MOISTURE BY USING THE ROLLER OVER BLANKETS, PLAY WAS POSSIBLE AT 2/30 P.M.

Australians beat Leicestershire by an innings and 171 runs.

Leicestershire were all out for 147.

EASY DISMISSAL

After waiting all morning for the ground to recover from heavy rain, the Australians dismissed the five Leicester batsmen for thirty-four runs and won by an innings and 171 runs.

Needing 205 to make the Australians bat again, Leicester lost three wickets for four runs when play was resumed just after lunch and the match was finished in an hour.

Australian-born Victor Kackson batted stubbornly for thirty-one, not out, but received little support Sperry claimed thirteen of the fourteen added for the ninth wicket.

Ian Johnson took another two wickets for seven runs today with his off-spinners and finished with magnificent figures of seven for forty two.

SCORE BOARD: Leicestershire Second Innings: All out 147

Jackson (not out)	31
Chapman c. Saggers b. Johnson	16
Walsh lbs b. Johnston	1
Etherington b. Johnson	0
Corral c. Bradman b. Miller	8
Sperry b. Miller	13
Extras	4
Total (all out)	147

Fall of wickets: six for 113, seven for 116, eight for 117, nine for 131.

Bowling analysis:

Johnston 27/10/42/1
Loxton 7/3/12/0
Ring 11/2/26/0
Barnes 4/0/11/0
Johnson 21/8/42/7
Miller 4.1/1/10/2
Byes 2 legbyes 1, wides 1 by ring.

DAMAGE TO CROPS BY WILD ANIMALS

Government Help To Set Up Gun-Clubs

Damage to food crops at the hands of wild animals is not an uncommon feature of agricultural conditions in several districts of the Bombay Presidency. As a measure of protection against the depredations of wild animals the Government of Bombay have been not only issuing gun licences to shikaris in a liberal measure as in past years, but have been actively encouraging the setting up of "gun-clubs" to teach members of the public to learn the use of arms for the protection of village crops from wild animals. An official report issued by the Director of Rural Development states that during the year 1945-46 twenty-one gun clubs were working in East Khandesh and were able to kill 864 wild bears and 181 blue bulls. In Satara, with the organisation of five gun clubs, their number rose to 17. 301 pigs were killed during the year. In Nasik, the Shikar Officer helped the Ravelgaon Sugar farm, by killing 200 pigs, apart from destroying wild pigs in other areas. A new gun club was started in Igatpuri Taluka for destruction of Nilgais in Kaira, the Assistant Shikar Officer continued to render useful help in protection of crops from Nilgais and he was responsible for killing 529 Nilgais.

In Kanara, the Assistant Shikar Officer rendered useful assistance in saving the paddy and sugar-cane crop from the wild pigs. The number of gun clubs in this District was 19 and they were responsible for killing 1,691 wild pigs. The Board gave a grant of Rs. 460 for purchase of cartridges, nets and other equipment. Two crop protection societies organised in Honawar Taluka, supplemented the efforts of gun clubs and helped the protection of garden crops. In Dharwar, with the organisation of two new clubs, the number of gun clubs rose to 22 and they were responsible for killing 729 wild pigs and protected 1,40,000 acres of lands. The District Rural Development Board sanctioned a grant of Rs. 550 for purchase of ammunition etc. In Bijapur, one new gun club was formed, bringing the total number of gun clubs to three. They killed 97 wild pigs. The Rural Development Board gave a sum of Rs. 300 for purchase of nets, spears, etc.

FOREST CONCESSIONS FOR KANARA

The Government of Bombay has removed the grievances of the people of Kanara and granted a number of forest concessions. The Minister for Forests has convened last year a conference of revenue and forest officers and loading public workers and appointed an inquiry committee under the chairmanship of Mr. M.G. Gopi, M.L.C., for the purpose of examination of the grievances and the measures necessary for their removal. The concessions now granted and reproduced in this press note, supplement the existing concessions and those which, although sanctioned by the Government, had not been actually extended to the inhabitants of the forest villages.

CLASSIFICATION OF AREAS

The district areas will be classified, for the purpose of strip clearance, into five categories (i) areas other than teak areas in the forest villages of the district; (ii) teak pole areas of Haliyal and Mundgod; (iii) teak areas of Gund plateau and Nirsol slopes; (iv) areas in the villages of coastal talukas, and (v) areas having kans and Evergreen forests. The strip clearance will not however apply to high forests and such other area in which it may be inadvisable to apply the strip clearance rules.

Nehru To Implement Deal To I. N. A.

NEW DELHI, May 4, (I.P.A.): Indian Press Association reliably understands that on the initiative of the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, the Government of India is taking some fresh practical steps to rehabilitate the I.N.A. personnel with as little delay as possible.

The Prime Minister, it is learnt, is devoting his urgent attention to the setting up of machinery in Delhi as well as in some Provinces to give effect to new proposed arrangement.

BOMBAY, May 3 (UPI)—The inquiry into prices of mill cloth and yarn by the Indian Tariff Board will commence on Tuesday, May 4, 194 at 11 a.m. at the office of the Tariff Board, Bellard Estate.

Horse Outpaces Car In Novel Race

PARANA, (Argentina) May 4. (Reuter): A horse outpaced a car in a novel race here recently on the local racecourse.

The race was over 325 yards and one condition was that the car had to be driven in second gear.

The car got off to a better start than the startled horse, but the latter picked up quickly and won by two lengths.

"COMMUNISM MUST BE CRUSHED"

Dr. Mannix's Advice To People Of Australia

SYDNEY, May 4 (Reuter): Speaking at a mass for trade unionists, Dr. Mannix (Catholic Archbishop of Melbourne) declared that no Government could succeed unless the people made up their minds to crush communism.

Dr. Mannix added that if he were speaking to the Common-wealth and State Governments, he would say that they should be more alive and alert to the menace of Communism. If he were speaking to employers he would say—and he thought justly—that many times they had been responsible for the existence and strength of Communism. The reason was that they had not always been ready to treat their employees wits consideration and justice.

Dr. Mannix appealed to employees to show sanity, patience and consideration. He said that they should maintain and, if possible, raise the standard of living in Australia. But they must remember that there was a limit beyond which industry could be forced.

Death Of Retired I. F. S.

LYMINGTON (Hamshire), May 4 (Reuter): The death was announced here today of Sir Robert Daniel Richmond, aged 69 a prominent figure in Indian forestry.

He joined the Indian Forest Service in Madras in 1901 and became principal of the Madras Forest College in 1913.

From 1919 to 1922 he was Assistant Inspector-General of Forest to the Government of India and became Conservator of Forests in 1923.

In 1927 he was appointed Chief Conservator of Forests in Madras and retired from the Indian Forest Service in 1932.

He became a member of the Madras Legislative Council in 1923 and in 1932 was appointed to the Madras Public Services Commission of which he was Chairman from 1935 to his retirement in 1940.

KUMAS, (Ashanti), May 3 Reuter) —Cases "which would arose the indignation of any decent man" and were "a relic of the slave trade" were cited by CoClonel Cawston to the Watson Commission of enquiry into the Gold Coast riots in which 21 people were killed last February.

MYSORE ENTER SEMI-FINAL

U. P. Beaten In Dull Match

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

MYSORE	4
UNITED PROVINCES	0

Playing for the third day in succession, the Mysore side earned the right to contest the semi-finals of the National Hockey Tournament by accounting for the United Provinces by two goals to nil.

The match failed to produce any interesting hockey. Babu, the losers' inside-right played as well as he could in the midst of an attacking side without either plans or ability. Every time he parted with the ball, that was the last he saw of it until the ball had been cleared away by the defenders to the other side of the field.

Dasarath Rao opened the account for his side midway through the first half and shortly afterwards Jani Sait capped a fine movement between the three inside forwards by scoring from close quarters.

In the second half, the losers shifted their attack, Prem Prakash playing at inside-left and instead of at outside right. This produced very little effect of the efficiency of the side which was not able to score even once in spite of the penalty bully that was awarded to them when Sabjan stopped a drive off a short-corner with his thigh. Prem Prakash who was entrusted with the bully failed to convert it.

THE TEAMS:

MYSORE ..... Desamuthu. Sabjan and Archer, Padanat, Parthasarathy and Veeraraghavan; Dasarath Rao, Jani Sait, Shubdev Singh and Muttukrishnan.

UNITED PROVINCES ..... Praduman; Khan and Chakravarthy; Chandra Mohan, Hem Prakash and Yakub; Prem Prakash, Babu Qayum, Imtiaz and Anand.

Wednesday evening at 5-45 p.m. Bengal vs. Faridkot.

Real Problem Today Is To Make Men Labour Cheerfully, Says C.R.

CALCUTTA, May 4, (A.P.I.): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Governor of West Bengal, stated last evening that the real problem today was how men could be made to labour cheerfully, properly and efficiently in a rapidly industrialised context.

His Excellency was presenting to the Trustees of the Calcutta Stevedores Association a trust deed executed on behalf of the Association for the implementation of their scheme for a labour home to house dock labour employed by members of the association.

Mr. Rajagopalachari said that in the old days when industrialisation had not set in, a labourer felt joy in the making of articles he produced. A carpenter chiselling a window-frame saw the whole thing and felt joy in the making of the frame. There was thus joy in the non-industrialised scheme of life.

In the present era, however, men had to work without the opportunity of feeling the joy that came of being able to identify one's products as one's own. The modern labourer spent his life making only a great number of particular parts, and his work was uninteresting, monotonous and wearisome.

Slavery had been abolished and yet this wearisome and joyless work must be done.

CONGRESS ELECTIONS

General Secretary's Instructions

NEW DELHI, May 4, (A.P.I.): Acharya Jugal Kishore, General Secretary, All-India Congress Committee, has, in a circular letter addressed to all Provincial Congress Committees, outlined the steps which may be taken to implement the resolution on interim elections passed by the A.I.C.C. at its Bombay Session.

For the purpose of elections, the circular suggests, all the delegates and members of the District Congress Committees and lower Committees shall sign the form for effective members. Only members who sign this pledge will be entitled to be elected to the A.I.C.C. or any other elective Committee in the Province.

According to the new Congress Constitutional all declarations of effective membership are liable to be examined by the Credential Committees elected by the Provincial Committees at their general meetings. These Credential Committees will go into all complaints regarding any declaration of effective membership.

The Provincial Committees, the circular adds, will meet on June 13 for electing the A.I.C.C. It would be necessary to have the elections of district executives earlier since the District Congress Committees are authorised to fill all vacancies on the P.C.C. at their general meetings by distributive vote.

Over 16,000 Quit Sind By Sea

KARACHI, May 4 (API): In the month of April, 1948, the total number of steamers that left Karachi, carrying Sind evacuees, was seventeen, of which fourteen were routed to Bombay, it was learned here today.

Fourteen thousand three hundred and three persons were evacuated to Bombay, while two thousand five hundred forty seven were evacuated to ports in Kathiawar.

The total number of persons that were evacuated in April from Sind by the Sind Evacuation Committee was 16,850

LEXINGTON, (Kentucky) (Reuter): Assault one of America's top three all-time money winners, has been withdrawn from stud service for the rest of the 1948 season. Assault had been bred in two mares before his owner, Robert J. Kleberg, acting on the advice of a veterinarian, directed J Howard House, manager of the Kentucky branch of King Ranch to have the famous thoroughbred withdrawn.

Britain Calls For Neutral Authority For Palestine

Rushing Of Troops Does Not Imply Modification Of Withdrawal Programme

LAKE SUCCESS, May 3 (UPA)—Britain called on the United Nations today to create a "neutral authority" for Palestine by May 15 to assure some central rule while the Arabs and Jews fight it out in the Holy Land.

It would be neither a trusteeship nor a permanent Palestine Government, Arthur Creech-Jones, of Britain, told the members of the General Assembly that time was too short and conditions impossible for establishment of a United Nations trusteeship regime or a return to the Palestine partition program. He added that there were no signs that the Arabs or Jews intended to abandon their plans for an all-out battle for Palestine when Britain's mandate ends 12 days hence.

The Trusteeship Council, in a half-hour session, agreed today that the Jerusalem truce efforts should be continued in the holy city. It agreed to inform the three-country consular truce commission of the new efforts being made by the Red Cross and the British authorities. It adjourned without debate

Creech-Jones told the Political Committee that Britain's sole purpose in rushing troops reinforcement to Palestine was to enable it to carry out its task until the mandate ends.

Creech-Jones implied, in the General Assembly, that the United Nations must at least set up a symbol of authority in Palestine, even though it would be unequipped to halt the Palestine war or even to maintain essential services in the Holy Land.

The British spokesman suggested that the General Assembly authorize some neutral stop-gap authority which would, firstly, take over Palestine's assets from the British. Secondly, continue efforts to mediate the Arab-Jewish conflict and try to settle their conflicting claims to Palestine. Thirdly, act for the United Nations as the "unifying central body" on which more permanent arrangements could be built, if and when the Palestine situation is restored to near tranquility.

The British view appeared to be that the United Nations, even if it cannot achieve a concrete solution, cannot leave Palestine to complete chaos on May 15.

Creech-Jones' statement amounted to a flat rejection of the United States proposal for an indefinite United Nations trusteeship over Palestine.

He said that the United Nations must press even harder for a Palestine truce. He spoke in the Assembly's Political Committee and asked: "If the United Nations unable to stay this disaster, this headlong clash. Has it any answer to the problem, which will prevent violence, meet the immediate needs of the situation, reduce the danger and resolve the conflict between the two parties....What I would ask the committee to consider is whether or not it is possible to establish some neutral authority, holding the assets and furthering mediation, and acting for the United Nations as the unifying central body until the two communities can resolve their conflicts or until some form of future government can be finally determined."

He said that his suggestion was "not a retreat from the aim of independence in Palestine" and added that "indeed, my government consistently has maintained that independence must be achieved as quickly as possible The Jews and Arabs must have to live in Palestine together. The two must inevitably find accommodation, either through partition, as already suggested by the General Assembly, or through any other system worked out when a lull in the fighting.

Crech-Jones said that, in any case, there must be some authority in Palestine by May 15 to assume the administration when the mandatory one withdraws. He said that "war is lurking ugly, savage and devouring, waiting to defeat the United Nations to work havoc in the Mid-East and bring infinite tragedy to us all."

It was believed that the British authorities had acquainted American officials, and some other delegates, with their short-term suggestion in advance of today's meeting. There were strong reports during the day that the United States was considering the abandonment of its weakly-backed trusteeship plan in favour of some neutral and temporary announcement which would postpone a final decision.

Canada's General M. G. L. McNaughton urged close scrutiny of the British proposal and said that the march of events show conclusively that they must leave the long-range aspects and concentrate on the immediate problem of the transfer of authority on May 15. He said that such an arrangement, as suggested by Creech-Jones, might be a solution for arriving at a truce which would permit continued efforts to arrive at a permanent settlement.

Dr. Guillermo Belt, of Cuba, supporting in principle, the United States trusteeship plan, suggested that after one year of operation of the trusteeship authority, if the Jews and Arabs had not yet reached an agreement, the United Nations should conduct a plebiscite. Under a formula of this type, he said, he would vote for the United States trusteeship proposal.

"There is no reason for creating a Jewish state. The Jews are able to live as brothers in Cuba, the United States and other countries. The problem of finding homes for D.Ps. is a United Nations problem which should be solved by member states."

J. Katz-Suchy, of Poland, in commenting on the new British suggestion, said: "The most neutral authority that could be established is the Palestine Commission which is already in existence under a provision of the partition resolution." He said that he agreed with the British and Canadian delegates on the futility of a trusteeship" but I believe that the best step toward peace is through implementation of partition. We have made some steps toward it already..."

Alexis Kyrou, of Greece, supporting the British proposal, said: "We ought to be thankful to the United Kingdom delegate who had the courage to say aloud what we all thought."

The committee adjourned until tomorrow afternoon.

JERUSALEM QUIET

Reuter cables from Jerusalem said the city was quiet.

In Arab Jaffa British troops patrolled the streets while the mass exodus of Arabs continued.

Reports in adjoining Jewish Tel Aviv said that only about 8,000 of Jaffa's normal Arab population of some 70,000 remained.

It was also reported in Tel Aviv late last night that 200 British military lorries carrying troops had arrived in northern Negeov, southern Palestine from the Suez Canal zone.

Other British troops occupied the hill of Tel Rish south of Jaffa, warning that they would begin shelling if Arabs and Jews renewed shooting.

The Palestine Government announced the release of all convicted prisoners in the country They either escaped or were liberated when British prison staff withdrew.

S. African Muslims To Help Pakistan Refugees

KARACHI, May 4 (API): The President of the Transavaal Muslim League, Dr. M. A. Munshi, has arrived in Karachi to study the refugee problem in Pakistan and to determine how further help can be given to the refugees by South African Muslims.

The Muslims of South Africa it was stated have contributed about £123,000 to the Quaid-i-Azam's relief fund

NEW YORK May 3 (Reuter)—At least 19 people were killed and over 100 injured in toranadoes and violent windstorms which tore through seven mid-western states during the week-end. The storms caused millions of dollars worth of damage.

U. Saw To Die On May 8

Burmese President Confirms Sentence

RANGOON, May 4. (Reuter): Shao Shwehaike, President of Burma, confirmed to-day that ex-Premier U Saw and seven of his colleagues will be hanged on May 8 inside Insein jail for their part in the assassination of U. Aung San and members of his cabinet last July.

The death sentence on Khim Maung Yin, another of the accused in the murder trial and nephew of U. Saw has been commuted to "transportation for life".

To-day's announcement was believed to have been made to quash persistent rumours of appeals for clemency from various sources, including one said to have come from a former Governor of Burma, Sir Dorman Smith.

Official sources said they had not yet received an appeal on behalf of U. Saw, reported to have been signed by seven members of the Siamese Parliament.

Russian Guards Arrest U. S. Soldiers

BERLIN, May 4. (Reuter): Five United States soldiers were arrested by Russian guards in Berlin on Sunday, American military police officials disclosed to-day. Three soldiers were arrested and held for 36 hours after one of them had fired a shot from an army pistol.

Military police said the three soldiers were drunk when they entered the Soviet sector, and explained when they were returned to American police to-day that they had "been celebrating May Day".

Two other American soldiers were arrested by Russian guards and held for six hours when they attempted to photograph a "you are now leaving American sector" sign on the border between the American sector and the Soviet zone, it was stated.

FRESH FLARE-UP IN CHINA

Two-Pronged Communist Drive To Hupeh's Gateway

NANKING May 4. (Reuter): Serious fighting flared up on two new fronts in China's civil war to-day, as large Communist forces stuck in the north-west and south-west of Honan Province pro-Government despatches reported.

Communist columns in south-western Honan were said to be closing in on Ananyang known as "Northern Gateway to Hupeh" and were sweeping almost unopposed through several towns.

The immediate objective of the Communists in north-west Honan appeared to be the Lunghai railway city of Shanhsien, eight miles west of Loyang, whose capture would open the road to the strategic province border city of Tungkwan.

In southern Jehol, where the Communists yesterday launched an attack, Government troops have begun a counter-drive aimed at restoring the railway connection between the provincial capital of Chenteh and Pingchuan, a large city to the west. Fighting was reported to be increasing in intensity with both sides bringing up reinforcements.

"OVERTHROW CHIANG" Singapore Chinese Leftists' Plea

SINGAPORE, May 4 (Reuter): A resolution "rejecting Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek as President of China and calling for his overthrow" was to-day passed by 250 delegates representing 120 Chinese left-wing organisations in Singapore.

They claim a total membership of 100,000 and the resolution was passed at a meeting organised by the Chinese Democratic League which is outlawed in Nationalist China.

Chiang Kai-Shek was accused of "undermining the vitality and sovereignty of the nation."

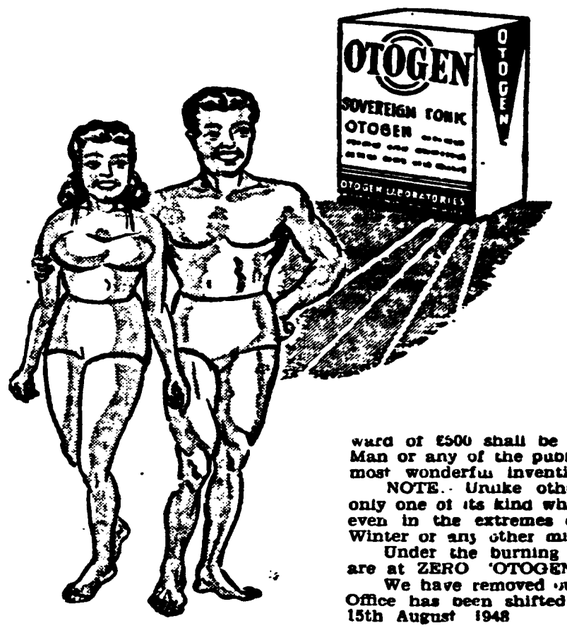
REWARD £500

'Be Young in 24 Hours'

"OTOGEN" (Herbal Tonic) prepared by PARKER & DAVIS gives surprising increase in vitality and energy within the first 24 hours. It makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, weak memory and body nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, insomnia, giddiness, mental or physical exhaustion, etc It will increase your height from 2 to 4 inches and your weight will be increased from 5 to 10 lbs The Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 10% per cent The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth, when your skin was smooth and fresh OTOGEN improves your looks, puts sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old man Use of "OTOGEN" (Tonic) in severe cases of falling hair dandruff and baldness is highly recommended

"OTOGEN" was tried by Prof A. P. PARKER in SWITZERLAND upon emaciated male patients aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that a patient of 100 years of age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school girl complexion all along For males in their period of youth, "OTOGEN" wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age

It is wonderful invention of the Twentieth Century and the EIGHTH WONDER OF THE WORLD After taking "OTOGEN" ladies get back that Rose-Bud Beauty and charming figure of school-girl age, lighter, brighter, luckiest days are in store for both men and women who start using "OTOGEN" Start taking "OTOGEN" immediately and live for 100 years young fit, strong and healthy with roses on the face It makes appetite so keen that even a weak man can easily digest one pound or more butter every day. The great scientists and experienced doctors have been astonished and amazed to see the results by this wonderful Tonic "OTOGEN"



"OTOGEN" is the only Tonic of its kind which is being used by men and women all over the world It is wonderful invention ever prepared in the history of Medical Science. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves Moreover before commencing the test weigh yourself look in the mirror and observe your appearance Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror note exactly how you look and feel and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN"

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India the price is to be Rs 4 only per box with directions for a very short period after some time its original price of Rs 30 will be charged Order today for tomorrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of present conditions

GUARANTEE – A cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or Medical Man or any of the public who proves the non-efficacy of our most wonderful invention

NOTE.- Unlike other Rejuvenators "OTOGEN" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the extremes of heat of Tropical Summers as in Winter or any other mild and temperate climate

Under the burning heat of SUMMER SUN when you are at ZERO "OTOGEN" is also an Excellent Restorative.

We have removed our BRANCH from LAHORE and our Office has been shifted from ENGLAND to INDIA from the 15th August 1948

SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS OR AVAILABLE DIRECT FROM:—

OTOGEN LABORATORIES

INDIA OFFICE: POST BOX 447, BOMBAY.

SERVICE, BOMBAY.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF SERICULTURE IN MYSORE, MYSORE

NOTIFICATION

JAPANESE RAW SILK of the marginally noted deniers and grades is available for sale at the Government Silk Farm, Chennapatna. Those who are interested in the purchase of the said silk, may apply to the undersigned or directly to the Assistant Superintendent of Sericulture, Government Silk Farm, Chennapatna.

Deniers.	
20/22.	Special AAA, AAA, AA, A, and B to E grades.
13/15.	AA to E Grades.

Camp Bangalore,
27-4-48.

K. SHAMSUDDIN KHAN,
Superintendent of Sericulture.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

From FRIDAY!

CITY-LIGHT

— MATUNGA (B.B.) —

Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.

RANJIT Picture

BELA

NIGAR SULTANA, JAIRAJ

Last 2 Days:
"TARZAN & THE HUNTRESS"

8TH WEEK!
BOMBAY CINETONE'S

SAMRAT

Ashok

VEENA, SAPRU, SHAMIM
Produced & Directed by K. B. LALL
Also
THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD BAPU
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
A DIAMOND Release

ON RETURN FROM
DELHI & U. P. TOUR
PRITHVIRAJ
Presents to Lovers
of SHANTI & EKTA

DEEWAR

ON SAT. 8TH 9-30 A.M.

PATHAN

ON SUN. 9TH 9-30 A.M.
ON THE STAGE OF
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Plans open Book now.

9th CROWDED WEEK
RAKAISH PRODUCTIONS

ZANJEER

with Begum Para Jagdish Sethi
Latika & Gope
at KRISHNA
3-30 6-30 and 9-30 p.m
A LIBERTY ART release

AWAITING RELEASE

SABYASACHI

in Hindi adapted from Saratchandra's "PATHERDABEE"

REVEALING the stirring story of revolutionary India

PRESENTING India's struggle amidst blood and tears

THRILLING every patriotic heart in 16 enthralling reels

Direction ..... AGRADOOT
Music .. ROBIN CHATTERJEE

CAST

Kamal .. Bipin
Mira .. .. Sunder
Sandhya Kestodhan
Paresh
and many others

Produced by:
ASSOCIATED PICTURES LTD
6, Old Post Office Street
Calcutta

RANJIT'S

PIYA GHAR AJA

MEENA KUMARI, KARAN DIWAN
Director PRAHLAD DUTT
2ND WEEK AT
CENTRAL
Daily: 3-30 6-30 and 9-30
Sun., Mat., 12-30
Ad Booking 10 to 12 and 4 to 6

BOMBAY IS FULL OF ITS MUSIC—
.. LIKE DELHI TOO ..
JEEVAN Pictures
Musical Romance
ARSI
MEENA, AL NASIR
5th WEEK
MAJESTIC
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
TAJ Daily 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
A JAISINH Release

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 12, 2004.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 24, 1367.
Parsi: Ader 5, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-9 a.m. Sunset: 19-2 p.m.
Hightide: 09-42, 21-50. Lowtide: 03-38, 15-32.
SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: Meeting at Corporation Hall 3 p.m. (B.T.)
STANDING COMMITTEE: Meeting 3 p.m. (B.T.)

To-day's Engagements

SRI KRISHNA SABHA: Sri Ramanuja Jayanthi from 3rd May to 12th May at 10 Brahmin Wada Road, Matunga (G.I.P.) daily at 8 to 10 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "Our Elder Brothers". A talk to be followed by Questions and Answers today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

BLAVATSKY LODGE, BANDRA: Prof. R. S. Bhagwati will give a lecture at 6 p.m. today (Wednesday) at Mehta Villa.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines. Dasturji Framroze Bode will deliver a lecture on "The Evolution of the Idea of God".

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY: Monthly Meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay will be held in the Durbar Hall of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society (South Wing, Town Hall), Bombay, today (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.), when a paper will be read on "Devil Worship of Tuluva", by Mr. G. S. Kalyanpur.

HINDUSTANI TALIMI SANGH: An Association of the old trainees of the Hindustani Talimi Sangh has been organised with the following office-bearers during the Fourth Session of All-India Basic Education Conference held at Bikram with a view to fostering fellow-feelings among themselves:—Shri Aryanayakamji President, Shri Radha Sinha (Bihar) Vice-President, Shri Radha Krishnan Secretary, Shri Shankaranji Treasurer. Besides there are 11 members, one from each Province one from Pakistan and one from the State.

All the old members of the Talimi Sangh are requested to send their present whereabouts to the Secretary at Hindustani Talimi Sangh P.O. Sevagram Wardha.

RAPID HINDUSTANI: The Insaniyat Hindustani classes beginning from today will be conducted daily at 381, Kalbadevi opp. Khadi Bhandar to cover rapid course for two Hindustani examinations together with Nagri and Urdu scripts. The time is 8 a.m to 9-30 a.m.

BRITISH INFORMATION SERVICES: British Information Services, in collaboration with the Bombay Branch, Indian Institute of Engineers, will hold a Film Show in B.E.S.T. Hall today (Wednesday) commencing at 6 p.m.

HARDWARE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION: At a meeting of the members of the Bombay Hardware Merchants' Association an address was presented to the retired office-bearers, when K. B. Mulla Mohamedali Allahbux presided.

B. B. And C. I. Rly. Settles More Claims

There has been a notable increase in the number of claims cases settled by the B.B & C.I. Railway. During April this year 4,442 cases were settled which is more than 100 per cent increase on 2,031, the number of cases dealt with during May 1947

The increase has been a steady one, 2,132 cases were settled during September and 3,057 during December last year.

The increase has been made possible by the Railway's occupation of the former Byculla Club premises. This has permitted the employment of additional staff for dealing with the work. The number of outstanding cases is gradually being reduced to the normal pre-war figure.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, May 5
244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Nazir Vazim & Party 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Shivrambuwa Vaze 9-30 Close down.

12-0 p.m. Rang Tarang 12-30 Nazir Vazim & Party (Qawali) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Gurjar Geet 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 140 Light Symphony Orchestra 2-0 Joan Cross (Soprano) 2-15 Band Of H. M. Coldstream Guards 4-20 Leela Harsolekar Multani 4-50 Kamal Padhye 5-0 L. R. Vaze 5-15 Leela Harsolekar 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Kamal Padhye (Aneel) 6-30 Haribhau Ghangrekar Barari 7-0 Topic Of The Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Bagat K. Gawali 7-30 Kalka Bharatwarsh 7-45 Saraswati Rane 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 L. R. Vaze 8-45 Pagar No Diwas 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Our Bombay 10-0 Shishya Aur Guru 11-0 Close down

VARIATIONS

7-40 a.m. Ramkrishnabuwa Vaze 5-45 p.m. U. M. Maniar 6-0 to 6-15 As In Bombay 1 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 to 7-30 Interval 7-45 Commercial News 8-0 U.M. Maniar 8-15 Bhagat K. Gawali 9-0 Haribhau Ghangrekar 10-0 Chamber Music 11-0 Close down.

INDIGESTION?
Indigestion often results from constipation.
TAKE
CARTER'S
PILLS
for real relief...
In the Red Package

Mr. M. R. BHARUCHA, Managing Director, Bombay Import and Export Agency has been elected President of the Yarn Merchants Association Ltd. for the year 1948-49. Widely travelled in Middle and Far East in furtherance of his business interests, Mr. Bharucha is being of a kind and generous disposition, helpful to several poor Parsi families by paying monthly donations through various charitable institutions.

AIR-INDIA INTERNATIONAL

First Flight Of Rajput Princess On June 8

NEW DELHI, May 4 The Indian-owned latest model Constellation, "Rajput Princess" carrying India's Tricolour will make its first scheduled flight on June 8, carrying passengers from Bombay across to London touching Cairo and Geneva.

Starting with one-a-week service it will be raised to bi-weekly in six weeks and thrice later. Three Constellations each costing nearly 33 lakhs of rupees have been bought for the purpose.

The inaugural service of Air-India International, the new company promoted jointly by the Government of India and Air-India Ltd. was held here yesterday.

LUXURY PLANE

American-trained Indian pilots with thousands of hours of flying experience, will man the planes maintaining peak operating efficiency. The general technical management will be under Air-India Ltd., with sixteen years pioneering experience in domestic flying.

Fitted with every safety device and luxuriously equipped with pressurized air-conditioned cabin, the 10,000 horse-power "Rajput Princess" will carry upto 42 passengers at a height of 20,000 feet at an hourly cruising speed of approximately 300 miles.

Contrived devices will bring to the traveller the finest in cruising pleasure and comfort in tropical weather; while delectable cuisine is served at every meal-time.

Indo-Pakistan Postal And Telegraph Rates

NEW DELHI, May 4, (A.P.I.): An agreement has been reached between India and Pakistan on the Postal and Telegraph rates that should prevail in either Dominion for inter-Dominion communications, it is learnt.

The Inland postal letter and post-card rates now prevailing in either Dominion would apply to Inter-Dominion correspondence. The new Inter-Dominion telegraph rate of Rs. 1/6 for eight words ordinary which came into operation on April 1, this year will continue.

Restrictions On Sale Of Arms

The order directing the dealers in the Ahmedabad District not to sell any arms or ammunition without a previous written permission from the District Magistrate has been extended for a further period of two months from May 7.

Weather Summary

POONA, May 4. (A.P.I.): The following is the weather summary for Tuesday, the 4th May 1948.

Observations from north-east India, eastern Pakistan and north-west India are very meagre. Thunder-showers have occurred locally in Assam and Malabar and at a few stations in Eastern Pakistan. Isolated thunderstorms are also reported from West Bengal and the neighbourhood. Day temperatures continued to be above normal from the north-west Frontier and Baluchistan to the north Central Provinces, being markedly so in the East Punjab, the West Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province and the North Central Provinces.

Forecast until the 5th evening: Thundershowers may occur locally in Orissa and deltaic Bengal and at a few stations in Assam, Chota Nagpur, in and near Darjeeling Hills, in Mysore and the Madras Presidency.

Weather Chart

POONA, May 4 (API): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st April 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 8-0 hours (IST) on 4th May 1948:—

Ahmedabad 104 79 0 0 minus 0.1 Allahabad 109 82 0 0 minus 0.2 Bangalore 89 74 0 2.1 plus 0.1 Baroda 104 77 0 0 Belgaum 92 69 0 2.5 plus 0.7 Bhopal 107 81 0 0 minus 0.3 Bhuj 96 76 0 0 minus 0.2 BOMBAY 90 81 0 0 0 Calcutta 92 77 0 1.2 minus 1.0 Delhi 109 84 0 0 minus 0.4 Hyderabad (Dn) 105 82 0 2.1 plus 0.8 Indore 105 75 0 0.1 0 Karachi nil Madras 101 83 0 0.4 minus 0.2 Mahabaleshwar 86 65 0 0.1 minus 1.2 Mangalore 91 82 1.2 minus 0.5 Marmagao 89 0 0.1 minus 1.3 Mysore 86 70 0 4.6 plus 1.5 Poona 99 72 0 minus 0.6 Rajkot 108 78 " 0 minus 0.1 Sholapur 107 79 0 0.1 minus 0.5 Simla 80 66 0 1.7 minus 0.2 Srinagar 81 51 0 Surat 92 77 0 0 0.

R. G. RUIA ARRESTED

BREACH OF HIGH NOTES DEMONETISATION ORDINANCE ALLEGED

Ramgopal Ganpatrai Ruia, Director, Ram Gopal Ganpatrai and Sons, was arrested yesterday by C.I.D., for an offence under the High with him, were arrested, Hariprasad and A. R. Mullaferoz, Secretary of

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

tor, Dhanraj Mills, Limited, Managing Sons, Limited, and Ramkison Balkison the General Branch of the Bombay Notes Demonitisation Ordinance. Along G. Gupta, Manager, Dhanraj Mills, the Mills.

When the accused were produced before Rao Saheb C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, yesterday, late in the evening, the police stated that accused two and three "did knowingly make on January 16, 1946, a declaration in respect of 276 G. C. Notes of Rs. 1,000 each, declaring to the Reserve Bank of India, that the Dhanraj Mills were the owners of the Notes, which declaration according to the police was false".

The police also stated that the first accused aided and abetted the other accused in the commission of the offence.

While accused one and three appeared in Court, the second accused who was ill and confined to bed at his residence, was not produced before the Magistrate.

The Magistrate issued orders directing that the first accused be released on a bail of Rs. one lakh and the other two on bails of Rs. 10,000 each.

Owner Of Transport Lorries Sentenced And Heavily Fined

"Taking into consideration the scarcity of petrol and the stringent measures adotped by the Government to regulate and control the supply thereof and the way in which the accused has disposed of a streak of coupons. I think that the attention of the Provincial Area Rationing office, be drawn to the fact that fleet owners. lorry owners. and contractors manage to obtain their quota of petrol much more than their requirements. with the result that major part of it goes to create black market in the said commodity. There are cases pending before me of similar mature. and I think that this is high time that the authorities concerned should use utmost care before issuing petrol to such persons who make it their business to obtain more petrol or some grounds and sell it in the black market," said Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Police Court, in the course of his judgment in a case of illicit sale of petrol coupons.

The case, according to the prosecution was, that having come to know that petrol coupons were sold illegally the Bombay C.I.D. laid a trap. A bogus-customer with "plain-clothmen" were sent to Chunilal Magniram Vora, an owner of a fleet of transport lorries. Five-hundred gallons worth of petrol coupons were purchased for Rs. 4,000 in marked money. Signal given, the place was raided by the police. Rs. 4,000 were recovered from a box and the petrol cupons from the bogus customer.

Chunilal Magniram Vora was convicted and sentenced to 6 months rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs 12,000, in default to undergo a further period of 4 months' R.I.

House-breakers Arrested

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Thomas Bastao, Moraes Frances D'Souza, Baburao Sivaram and Sampat Laxman, alleged to be a gang of house breakers and thieves were produced this morning before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court.

The police stated that of a total property of Rs. 6050, which they suspected, the men had looted, they had recovered property valued at Rs. 1500, from accused one and two, whom they had arrested on suspicion.

The other two accused, who were arrested on the statement of the first two accused, are alleged to have been in possession of Rs. 500 worth of stolen property.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on bail.

"BAIRAGI" FATALLY STABBED

Subramani Muthaya Chetty, a "Bairagi", residing in Jarimari Temple behind Sion Fort, was fatally stabbed in the abdomen, while he was asleep, on Tuesday night. The victim died at K.E.M. Hospital, after a few hours.

Enquiries are being made by Kingsway Police.

Security Demand On City Paper

The Government of Bombay has demanded securities of Rs. 3,000 each from the publisher of the Gujarati newspaper "Janyug" of Bombay and the keeper of the New Age Printing Press at which the paper is printed, under the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931.

"SIND OBSERVER" MANAGER ARRESTED

KARACHI MAY 4 (A.P.I.) The Manager of "Sind Observer," Mr. Cowasji Jamshedji Supariwalla, was arrested by the Pakistan special police on Monday and was later released on a personal security of repees 30 thousand.

The arrest was made in connection with the alleged incorrect transfer of a linotype machine, stated to belong to the Sind Government press to the premises of the 'Sind Observer' press during last month.

Three Communists Arrested

MADURA, May 4, (A.P.I.): The Madura police took into custody yesterday under the Public Safety Act three local Communist leaders. Two of them Srimathi K. P. Janaki and Mr. K. Sangamurthi are Municipal Councillors and the third, Mr. M. N. Aidnarayanan, is President of the Jutka Labourers' Union.

ALLEGED CHEATING

Hirji's Bail Period Extended

BOMBAY, Tuesday

When the police asked for extension of the bail period of Pestonji Framroze Hirji, before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, this morning, Sir Hormuzdyar P. Dastur, Counsel for the accused, stated: "I hope this is the last time the police will ask for the extension of the bail period. This is a false add frivolous complaint against my client, who is a well-known Sportsman".

The learned Magistrate granted the bail period to be extended to May 6.

Hirjee was arrested on March 3. When he was produced in Court the next day, the police mentioned the following circumstances which had led to the arrest.

On January 27, 1948, the accused met the complainant, a pilot of Air India Limited, in one of their planes which was flying to Calcutta. The pilot was in need of a car, and the accused offered to supply an Austin 10, at Bombay for Rs. 8,500. The accused, is alleged to have rung up Bombay that very evening from Calcutta and told his wife to receive Rs. 8,500 from the complainant on his arrival in Bombay and hand over to him the promised Austin 10.

It is alleged that subsequently the complainant got in touch with Mrs. Hirjee in Bombay and paid her Rs. 8,500.

Since no car was forthcoming, he complained to the police, and got a case registered against the accused for cheating.

The police further stated that the accused had returned Rs. 1,500 of this amount "five minutes before his arrest".

The Magistrate directed that the accused continue on the bail of Rs. 7,500 on which he was already released after his arrest in March.

Government House News

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The Governor of Bombay received The Hon. the Premier, Mr. A.C. Clarke, Mr. M.R. Masani and Mr. Asghar Hussein.

His Excellency and Rani Maharaj Sidgh visited Santa Cruz Aerodrome, where His Excellency opened the Tarffic Office of the Indian Overseas Airlines. On arrival their Excellencies were received yb Mr. J.M. Akhaney, Chairman of the Indian Overseas Airlines.

CHILDREN'S DAY IN JUHU

For the first time a Children's Day was observed in Juhu on Sunday. Organised by Mrs. Chandrabai Nair, over 500 children of all classes, communities and creeds gathered at the Nair Wadi. The children were in a gala mood and were treated to light refreshments and sweets. Later in the evening a film show on visual education was shown.

Total Prohibition By April 1950

Excise Staff Urged To Set Example

Severe action will be taken against any Excise Officer found drunk.

The Commissioner of Excise has, in a circular, drawn the attention of all Excise Officers to the circular issued in January 1947, in which the absolute necessity of abstaining from drink has been impressed on all Excise Officers posted in the Prohibition, and Dry Areas (now designated as Special Areas). It has also been made clear in the same circular that severe disciplinary action will be taken against any Excise Officer who is found to be under the influence of drink.

The Government has now fixed the target period for total prohibition at April 1, 1950. In accordance with its prohibition policy, the Government has appointed the District Prohibition Committees. A suggestion has been made that the Excise staff, with whose aid the prohibition policy is to be implemented, should first of all set an example to the public by abstaining themselves from drink. The Commissioner fully agrees with this view.

The circular also impresses on all the Excise Officers in the whole of the Province the imperative necessity of abstaining from drink. Any case of iddulging in alcoholic drinks would be dealt with drastically and might even result in dismissal.

The Commissioner also enjoins on the Superintendents of Excise to issue similar instructions in regional languages of the districts to the members of the Constabulary Staff.

Prize Poster On Evil Of Drink

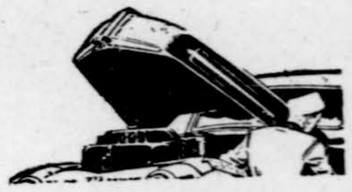
Messrs. P. D. Abhyankar and P. B. Kavadi, Lecturers in the Commercial Art Section of Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, equally share the First Prize of Rs. 200/- for their poster depicting the evil of drink in the open Poster Competition organised by the Provincial Prohibition Board of the Government of Bombay recently. The prize winning poster forcefully illustrates an addict being drowned in his own vice.

Gujerat Transport Workers' Dispute For Adjudication

The industrial dispute between the Gujarat Transport Services Limited, Ahmedabad and the workmen employed under it, has been referred to the industrial Tribunal for adjudication.

"FORD DEALERS KNOW FORDS BEST"

GENUINE FORD PARTS
are made better—fit better—wear better—last longer.



FORD-TRAINED MECHANICS
know your Ford inside-out. No guess work—they go right to the root of things.

FACTORY-APPROVED METHODS
save you time and money—help make your Ford perform like new.

SPECIAL FORD EQUIPMENT
does a better, faster job, helps you *save on service.*

There's no place like HOME for Ford Service
—your Ford dealer knows your Ford best!

The Bombay Chronicle

I never could believe that Providence had sent a few men into the world ready booted and spurred to ride and millions ready saddled and bridled to be ridden.

—RICHARD RUMBOLD.

THE FIRST AND THE LAST

The announcement that Rajaji will succeed Lord Mountbatten in the Union Governor-Generalship, will be widely welcomed. There are few Indians who have shown in their personal lives an almost cold indifference to public approval or public condemnation, and a steadfast adherence to principle throughout a long life of service. Rajaji has fought alone for his political opinions and he has seen the success which attends tenacity of purpose and devotion to duty. And he has not been elated in the hour of victory. Whatever might be said about the condition of the Union, it must be conceded that Rajaji saw it coming well ahead of other leaders and worked actively for it, even at a time when the effort seemed futile. It is appropriate that into his hands should be entrusted the responsibility of steering the ship of State through troubled waters. It is possible to have the Governor-Generalship reduced to a mere figurehead, to stretch constitutionalism to a point where the head of the State is a rubber-stamp. But it is impossible to conceive of this with Rajaji as the head of the State.

From another point of view, the selection is a peculiary happy one. Except perhaps for Dr. Rajendra Prasad, there is no front-rank Congressman who represents the constructive side of the Congress programme, as fully as Rajaji does; and in addition he is a practical social reformer who has done valuable spade-work, in office and outside, in the Southern Province. There need be no fear now that the Union will progress unsteadily, losing in some spheres what she makes up in others. Though Rajaji has often expounded the doctrine of compensation, insisting that it cannot be all gain on all fronts, he more than others can be relied on to preserve the balance and make sure that national policies are based on national needs. The selection thus might be considered as a guarantee that progressive views will hold sway during the difficult period preceding the inauguration of Free India's Constitution, and that the foundations of the State will be well laid.

The appointment has been spoken of as that of the first Indian Governor-General. There is another aspect: It is also that of the last Governor-General, since the new Constitution India will have a President as the head of the State. This is as important as the other aspect. Though the question of India's relations with the British Commonwealth will be considered this month by the Constituent Assembly, it is safe to assume that implementing decisions will be largely undertaken after Lord Mountbatten leaves his office. In that time, it may seem paradoxical that the post of Governor-General should fall to one who has all his life directed his efforts to challenging British authority. But it was as inevitable as the choice of Dr. Rajendra Prasad for the Presidentship of the Constituent Assembly. An interim period is essentially a period for firm men at the helm, men who can be trusted to be strong as well as just. Rajaji might lack the glamour which is the inevitable character of popular leadership. The tenure of Lord Mountbatten is notable for touching the high peak of glamour, and the Government of India have acted wisely in selecting a man for the office—not for a fine glossy surface but for qualities that wear well.

The Moderation Of Liaquat

Pakistan's Prime Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, has told a press conference all about Pakistan's attitude towards the Security Council's Kashmir deal. Pakistan is not satisfied but it hopes to convert the Good-offices Commission to its views, and it is this hope which has lent a note of moderation to Mr. Liaquat's tone. In other words, Pakistan accepts the Security Council's deal as a working basis although for extracting more advantages it has chosen to adopt an attitude of protest. Sir Mohammed Zafrullah asserted that Pakistan would not accept the Security Council solution in its entirety. Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan has been at pains to point out that Pakistan cannot accept it because of the difficulties inherent in the situation. It might be inferred reasonably from this fact that Pakistan's Prime Minister is seeking to score over Pakistan's spokesman at U.N.O. who presumably acted under instructions from Karachi. Mr. Liaquat Ali's conference is meant, therefore, both for world consumption and for internal effect.

Mr. Liaquat Ali's main thesis was that his State cannot influence the tribesmen because they are "notoriously independent" or unruly and because the sympathies of the people of Pakistan are with the tribesmen. This is a confession that matters have gone beyond the capacity of the Pakistan Government. Presumably too the remark of Mr. Liaquat Ali that the Pakistan Government cannot do anything to convince the tribesmen when they themselves are unconvinced of a fair deal to Muslims springs also from a desire to keep the public confidence and not risk a revolt; the only other meaning is that the Pakistan Government are accomplices in the tribesmen's depredations on Kashmir, and the Prime Minister of that Government can scarcely be expected to make this admission. Whether weakness or purpose obstructs the Government, it has been accepted that the raiders must be stopped. Now that inability has been admitted, it is necessary for other instruments being fashioned to prevent deterioration and continuance of tribesmen's mischief. The Good-offices Commission can begin with one possibility ruled out—the possibility of clearing the raiders with Pakistan's help. It can concentrate on other methods. In fact, it is forced to do so.

Mr. Liaquat Ali objects strongly to Sheikh Abdullah continuing in power. No coalition, says the Prime Minister of Pakistan, can do anything if the Government is headed by one who has proclaimed his hatred of Pakistan. Does this mean that the Chief Minister in Kashmir must be approved by Pakistan, even before a plebiscite? It would have been more straightforward to demand that Kashmir should be handed over to Pakistan without a plebiscite. Mr. Liaquat Ali has in fact indicated that a vote against accession to Pakistan will be taken by his Government to mean a managed plebiscite. No doubt, this is a very desirable state of affairs for Pakistan but how far does it fit in with the declared intention of ascertaining the will of the Kashmir people? In no place does Mr. Liaquat Ali consider the people of Kashmir except as possible victims to be bullied and cowed down. He speaks of the tribesmen, the people of Pakistan and the Government of Pakistan. He even deigns to notice adversely the Government of Kashmir. But the people of Kashmir he has not a word to say, except that they are fighting bravely for their existence. By now the public knows who are fighting and for what. Mr. Liaquat Ali is guilty of exaggeration in calling them "the people of Kashmir". He could more correctly say, "the would-be people of Kashmir".

EASTERN STATES MERGER

Plea For Plebiscite To Ascertain Views Of People

Shri Mahesh Prasad Chowdhury, Assistant Secretary, Bihar Political State Committee, writes:—

I strongly protest against the policy of the Ministry of States in merging the Eastern States with the Provinces of Orissa and Co Po without ascertaining the wishes of the people. I also cannot help criticising the inconsistency in the policy of the States Ministry in its application of the Government's policy in regard to the merger and union of the States, in the different regions. Democracy demands that there should be an uniform policy and equal opportunities for the people of all the States. But though the wishes of the people was ascertained through the individual Praja Mandals and the Constituent Assembly of the United States of Deccan in the case of the merger of the Deccan States with the Bombay Province, this has not been done in the case of the Eastern States, the Gujerat States, the Simla Hill States and a few Madras States. Where Unions are being formed the people will get opportunities of expressing their wishes in their Constituent Assemblies. But in the other cases, excepting those of the Deccan States, the people of the other States have been denied their democratic rights.

EASTERN STATES

In the case of the Eastern States a look at the map will convince any one that they form a big compact bloc, perhaps the biggest contiguous group in the matter of area, population and natural resources, compared with the other Unions and proposed Unions. Yet they have been prevented from forming an Union or to be more accurate their Union has been broken up. Even as two groups of Orissa and Chhatisgerh States the Eastern States could form two Unions which would be bigger and better than many of the other Unions.

PLEA FOR PLEBISCITE

This sort of inconsistent policy which is unfair and harmful to the people of the States and discriminated between States and States and is undemocratic, must be condemned by all right-thinking men. Unless the policy is revised it may cause more harm than the system which it is the object of the States Ministry to change by these schemes. I, therefore, demand that there should be plebiscite in all the States where the wishes of the people have not been ascertained and the people should have the opportunity of deciding whether they want Union of the States or want to be centrally administered area etc. A free and fair plebiscite is the only democratic way of ascertaining the wishes of the people. Let not the people of some of the States be deprived of this right.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

Future Of Social Democracy Hanging In Balance

ITALIAN ELECTIONS AND AFTER

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

ZURICH, April 22.

The election in Italy awaited in Europe and outside with the closest of attention is over. It has brought no great surprise. It does not change very much a situation in Italy. Not at any rate for a while. The Catholic Democratic Party, as expected, has headed the list, with a little over 48 per cent of the total given votes for representation in the Chamber of Deputies, which does imply a noteworthy accession in strength. Obviously, de Gasperi will continue as Prime Minister, and very probably with little change in the composition of the Cabinet immediately, although his Party will command a narrow absolute majority in the Chamber. This will naturally mean that the "Independent Socialists" led by Saragat are likely to play a less important role, excepting as an opposition force to the "Left Socialists" under Nenni. The "Peoples Front" (Communists and Left Socialists) has secured near to 31 per cent of the votes. It cannot be considered as not having maintained a position in the country. At the previous election of 2nd June 1946, the communists who constitute the dominant party in the "Peoples' Front", obtained 19 per cent of the recorded votes. The Christian Democrats have apparently won more at the expense of the Right than the Left.

AMERICAN INTERVENTION.

The Italian election was fought not only as a local issue, but beyond, as an European and an international one. In this, the United States assumed, an active, extended and dominant role. Washington entered the field with the intentions of checking a radical socialist advance, holding up expansion of the influence of the Soviet Union and securing further strength to an American position in Europe. In all these, the United States had the support of the British and the French Governments, conscious of their weakened position in Europe vis a vis the Soviet Union in the post-war era. A satisfaction felt in circles interested in the success of the de Gasperi regime with its clerical and moderate conservative outlook, over the result of the election, does not mitigate to the desired degree an anxiety linked with a position of not negligible strength retained by the "Peoples' Front". The "Manchester Guardian" pertinently and in a very concerned way comments, it would be false to consider or conclude, that the position of the "Peoples' Front" is the result of a Russian interference or propaganda. As a matter of fact, adds the liberal daily, excepting for a Russian reference favourable to Rome in regard to the trusteeship over the former colonies of Italy, it was America which held the arena actively in regard to a propaganda drive in Italy. The holding of a ground by the "Peoples' Front" in Itaoly, in the circumstances, is largely the consequence of unsatisfactory economic conditions—un-employment, agrarian distress, bad conditions of industrial workers and failure of Government to give a new hope with prospects of a cruel and crushing uncertainty disappearing. What about the future? The present success of de Gasperi means a standstill and not a solution. By itself the result of the election does not assure stability. The Government naturally has secured time and the Premier a flare. Much will depend on how these are employed. If essential economic reforms are not carried out with speed and courage, there will be trouble. Internal disputes might increase and the Government might also react more favourably to the attractions of a more conservative or even "authoritarian course". The run of events in the coming period in Italy will depend as well on the march of affairs in the two neighbouring lands, Germany and France, more especially in Germany.

PROBLEM OF GERMANY.

Perhaps it is no exaggeration to state that the future of Europe is being settled most to-day in Germany, though not now by the German leaders. Powerful forces, held up for a while, but basically strengthened by the aftermath of war, reacting on an already formed background, are actively and closely at play. What is on is a big game of which the disputes about traffic regulations relating to Berlin, currency reforms and certain other matters, are but symptoms and signals. This fight is now entering a new stage. It is likely to involve a sharper division of Germany, certain more concentrated moves from the side of the Soviet Union, and some important alterations in the attitude or policy of the Western Powers to Germany, with nearer practical significance to the zones under their control. One thinks in terms of a sharpening of the division of Germany, hence there are reasons to consider, that the two sets of Powers, the Western and the Soviet Union, for the period immediately ahead—this period may be a long one, its duration will depend upon many circumstances—may well reconcile to a consolidation of the parts of Germany under their respective charges, each without abandoning attention to the extension of influence over the whole of Germany. This means, Germany as an unity in a way long known will cease to exist for all practical purposes, at any rate for a while, long or short. The Soviet Union may recoil from the bigger aim of winning more closely the whole of Germany, on account of a greater opposition of the Western Powers and due to considerations of composing anxieties of Poland and Czechoslovakia over the policy of giving a longer rope to Germany. Warsaw and Prague have drawn much nearer to Moscow, in view of a support from the latter against a revived Germany. The hurried and often harsh expulsion of German population by both Poland and Czechoslovakia, enjoying a studied benevolence of the Soviet Union, has meant increase in the tendency of Warsaw and Prague to look for support to Moscow The Western Powers in their turn will be led to put more energy and equipment in letting Germany under their control on its feet. Once again there might rise the tendency to look to a substantial part, even if not the whole of Germany, as the most effective bulwark against the Soviet Union and communism. The London 'Economist' in its editorial opening article of this week regrets that move in the direction of revival of Western Germany is not proceeding with necessary initiative and imagination. There are also references in many quarters in the United States to devoting enhanced care for over-coming French reserve to the unification and rehabilitation of Western Germany. The dispute Berlin versus Frankfurt is soon likely to assume new intensity and complexion the aim of the Soviet Union is to deprive the Western Powers of a "watch spot" inside Eastern Germany, denied to Moscow within Western Germany. The appeal to unity for Germans will naturally remain a source of vexation to both groups—Anglo-Americans and the Soviet Union—and each fear that the other will keep a bid for German favour though in different ways. There is strong ground to reckon that within a comparatively short period Western Germany may rise in significance as a part of international economy and this is a development well worth being followed with necessary attention by India.

STRUGGLE IN FRANCE.

French affairs have now reached a new turning point. Three statements this week made by three prominent persons in French public life. Schuman the Premier, General de Gaulle who now figures most as the Chief of the Movement known as "Rassemblement do Peuple Francais" (Rally of the French People, commonly styled R.P.F.), and Thorez the communist leader, projected well the three-cornered fight now going on in France. It is a struggle calling for the greatest vigilance from all the three groups. There is of course the strong hope on the part of the second of being able to attach or annex to it a great part of the first and crush if necessary with strong steps the third. No doubt, the Schuman-Bidault-Meyer combination, that is the present French Government, in which the Social Democrats play a passive role, has strengthened its position in recent period. But if both de Gaulle and the communists keep up an attack, the Schuman Cabinet will not have a smooth sail. As it is, its composition is not compact. General de Gaulle in his speech of this week in Marseilles did not display a measure of moderation expected in certain Government circles. He vigorously condemned the party system, attacked equally the communist dominated confederation of Trade Union and the moderate organization of 'Force Ouverriere", made veiled references to an attention to "authoritarian course" (all pointed out by his opponents as reflective of the wave with a pro-fascist orientation) and ended by the familiar call for dissolution of parliament and new election. General de Gaulle also strongly underlined the need of preserving firmly the "French Union", the centre of which, he stressed, must remain Paris. On this issue he is likely to have a good measure of support from Government parties and there is every possibility of the communists making it more an issue of controversy hoping to make it specially awkward to the Social Democrats. General de Gaulle's references to the Marshall Plan, despite his general support to it, carried a sensitiveness to possibilities of extended American conditions and a role of Britain as against France on the Continent. The communists, many view might give a greater concentration on attacking the Government, notwithstanding de Gaulle's increased demonstration of interest in crushing them, in the pursuit of a game apparently devoted to show Social Democracy is not an effective barrier to conservative re-assertion.

FUTURE OF SOCIAL DEMOCRACY

Social Democracy in Europe is today under a double attack from Right and Left. In Eastern Europe communists have annihilated or annexed it. Many of those in Europe who once criticised the Social Democrats in Germany for their attitude to communists which helped Hitler, are now charging the Social Democrats in Eastern Europe for an attitude to communists in another direction addtul to Stalin Post-war Europe has thrown into relief the whole issue of the role and efficacy of Social Democracy. Has it many incline to enquire, if a communist platform is not to be helped, really a role distinctly different from and substantially superior to Liberalism? Political tension and economic distress are pushing this issue of wide significance to the front. In France it is likely to assume soon particular prominence. This gives present-day French affairs a special international importance.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Jinnah Turns To Homespun

Time often takes its own ironical revenge. Sometime back the world was interested to learn from a statement by Pakistan's Finance Minister, Mr. Ghulam Muhammad, that Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan had signed a pledge to wear nothing but Pakistan home made cloth. Since then there are reports to the effect that the Qaid-i-Azam has become the patron of the Pakistan spinners and Weavers' Association and that he is about to launch a khadi and charkha campaign. It is very natural that all this should irresistibly recall to the mind of everybody Mr. Jinnah's past opposition to, and contemptuous scorn, of, the humble home-spun and its main instrument, the equally humble charkha. But then there is so much and there are so many things in connection with which Mr. Jinnah's views and attitude have altered fundamentally.

Mahatma Gandhi Vindicated

The present change is certainly most gratifying for many reasons. It is constructive in the best sense of the term because it will benefit the common man and woman who need a supplement to their meagre earnings as well as the well-to-do who suffer from scarcity of cloth. It is a vindication of Mahatma Gandhi and his efforts to relieve acute poverty among Indians, both Hindus and Mussalmans, which is particularly remarkable because it comes from—for obvious historical reasons which need not be gone into—the most noteworthy of all sources. And it is another glaring demonstration of the identity of problems between the two parts of India and of their solution.

Ominous Moves

The situation in Hyderabad is obviously moving from bad to worse. Only the other day, Pandit Nehru stated that the strength of the Hyderabad army had been increased from 7,000 to 25,000. The Government of India was interested in seeing that these fresh forces were not raised and were not armed. But, ignoring the wishes of the Government of India, Hyderabad had managed to smuggle arms and make other "active preparation for war". And now comes a report that the strength of the Razakar's, who virtually constitute an unofficial army is being raised. It is significant that the announcement has been made by a Minister in the Nizam's Government. And report has it that the Razakars are being fully armed, not with modern weapons, but with crude arms which are being turned out from a number of workshops.

This increased military strength cannot possibly be intended for purposes of internal security against a wholly unarmed people. Does it mean that those who have entrenched themselves in power in Hyderabad are thinking in terms of a military campaign? Have they decided to go in for the mad gamble of a war with India with all its attendant horrors? Even if principles and reason do not count with them, they should ponder on the possibility of the great harm they might be doing to their co-religionists in the Indian Unions and there are far more Muslims in India than in Hyderabad. Unfortunately the language used by Mr. Abdul Rawoof belies even this hope. Mr. Kasim Razvi is institutionally, if not in actual fact, a private individual but Mr. Rawoof is a part of the Government—which seems to indicate that the Government is throwing discretion to the winds and is preparing to become fully as intemperate, extravagant and irresponsible as Mr. Razvi himself.

What Is The Idea?

The news that the Government of Hyderabad has lifted the ban imposed on the Communist party and a number of other organisations in the State is somewhat bewildering, although Mr. Mir Liak Ali, the Hyderabad Prime Minister, had given a hint of this development in his speech to the State Assembly, a few days ago. One possible explanation is that this is just a matter of show—a kind of answer to the repeated suggestion that the Razakar organisation should be outlawed. The members of the Communist party being safely in jail, it may be an attempt to pretend that the Government holds the scales even and as an upholder of civil liberties is not willing to continue the ban against Communists. It is a thoroughly unconvincig pretence. Let it be remembered that all Government spokesmen from the Prime Minister down have repeatedly and in unmeasured terms condemned what they have called the "depradations" of the Communists and have asserted that the Razakars are there only to defend the people against the Communists. And yet the Government will not ban the one and lifts even the existing ban on the other. It does not seem to make sense. Or perhaps there is another explanation. Adversity makes strange bed fellows and it is a human weakness to regard ones enemy's enemy as ones friend. Perhaps the Hyderabad Government hopes to make use of the Communists to break the strength of the State Congress. Despite our hearty dislike of Communist methods in certain matters, we venture to think that the Hyderabad Government is stragely misjudging the Party. Whatever may be the motive underlying its action the Hyderabad Government must realise that all these manoeuvres cannot disguise the basic truth. The coterie in power in Hyderabad cannot absolve itself of responsibility for the death, destruction and unrest that has occured in Hyderabad and will continue to occur unless the fundamentally wrong policies responsible for them are reversed, and that very soon.

Import Policy

A new Delhi report suggests that India's import policy is going to be liberalised again and the Open General License is going to be reintroduced almost immediately. The import policy of the Government of India for the last year and a half or thereabouts has proceeded along very unsatisfactory lines. This is chiefly because the Government has been torn between a number of conflicting considerations. At one stage, the Government decided that they should husband their exchange resources with the utmost care and use it only for the import of foodstuffs and capital equipment. But no capital equipment was available for immediate purchase. This affected India somewhat adversely in the negotiations for the release of blocked sterling, the British delegation arguing that the releases should be based on the exchange used during the period of short imports. In the next phase, therefore, Government swung to the other extreme and allowed free imports. The result was that the market was literally cluttered with rubbish from abroad, the importers vying with each other to open up new lines of articles. Our exchange resources began to vanish at an alarming rate. This led the Government once again to clamp down on consumer goods.

Basic Principles

After all this unsteady experimentation the time has come when the Government should postulate a clear policy conceived in the broad interests of the nation. The main considerations are not capable of dispute. Food, Defence equipment capital goods and industrial raw materials are obvious priorities. Secondly, all that we can possibly induce Britain to unblock from our sterling credits should be fully used up in every year or half year period. To the extent necessary to do this, consumer goods should be allowed to be imported. But in this matter a clear line should be drawn between essential goods and luxuries. While cars without number are coming in, other consumer goods are in short supply, which enables the merchants to raise prices. One of the objectives of an import policy conceived in national interest should be to lower prices in the interests of consumers. If the trade is not prepared to play the game in this matter, Government should even be ready to enter the field as an importer—as it is doing in the matter of food—and redress the balance. Price parities and not private profit should be the main consideration underlying a national policy of imports.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

At a rate unequalled since the end of the year, U.S. troops and supplies are moving through Canada to Alaska in the Arctic, cables Reuters special correspondent.

—News Item.

* * *

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, who must imitate Jawaharlal, has also pronounced on Kashmir at a Press Conference. "I do not see" he says, "how we can convince the tribesmen of a fair deal to the Mussalmans of Kashmir when we are ourselves not convinced that a fair and impartial plebiscite will be held under this (UNO) resolution."

Which means, in the first place, that the tribesmen are involved in the affair and that Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and Pakistan ARE helping and supporting them with passage, bases, etc., etc.

* * *

"The tribesmen" said Mr. Liaquat all, "are notoriously independent".

Sounds like a moving confession coupled with an urgent plea of helplessness.

* * *

"Pakistan is asked to use its good offices to remove the tribesmen and Pakistan nationals but", Mr. Liaquat Ali complains, "Pakistan has not been permitted the means to achieve this objective."

Have they stopped Pakistan from denying passage through, and bases in, its territory to tribesmen and from controlling its nationals? This certainly is an outrageous encroachment by UNO on Pakistan's sovereignty and territorial integrity and Pakistan has every right indignantly to protest with Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's tongue in his cheek.

* * *

Arguing in the U. N. Political Committee against the partition of Palestine, Sir Md. Zafrullah Khan is reported to have pointed out the difference between that country and India by stressing that "the Indian minority has been in the country for centuries."

Since the minority in India has been in the country along with the majority for centuries, therefore, by virtue of having been together for centuries they should be separated and the country partitioned.

The logic is so overwhelming that we are crushed.

* * *

An Andhra journalist demands that Mr. Kasim Razvi be sent to "his St. Helena."

Why insult the memory of Napolean, brother?

* * *

In a blood and thunder oration, Mr. Abdur Rasbd, a Razvite Minister in the Hyderabad Government declares warningly that the Indian Union has not taken into account "the capacity of the Muslims of Hyderabad to put up a successful fight to the end, if forced to do so."

We do earnestly hope on the other hand that Hyderabad Muslims have not been inflicted with an infinite capacity to suffer and support dangerous lunatics.

* * *

"The Nizam's Government", says a communique issued from Hyderabad "have decided to lift the ban imposed on the Communist organisations in Hyderabad."

Anything to avoid banning the Razakars, eh?

Calls At Mormugao

Sir,—We would refer to the letter which appeared under the above heading in your issue of the 30th April signed by "An Emigrant" and would advise that the calls of this Company's Bombay-African Service vessels are discontinued at Mormugao during the monsoon season for the following reasons:-

The draft at Mormugao is limited to 25 feet, and, owing to the heavy swell which is prevalent throughout the monsoon at this port, it would be dangerous for ships of the size of those employed on the Bombay-African Service to enter the harbour. In addition, the prevailing wind usually tends to blow the vessels on to the wharf. The fenders at the Berths are very poor and insufficient, also the wooden rubbers attached to the wharf are in poor condition and vessels are liable to damage with the prevailing monsoon weather. The harbour installations at Mormugao do not include any permanent passenger shed, and, although Customs examination is usually carried out in a cargo shed provisionally prepared for this purpose, it is located at least 300 yards from No. 5 Berth at which it is customary for our Bombay-African Service vessels to be moored We would mention that the project of building a special passenger shed was mooted at least 10 years ago but as yet nothing has transpired.

Apart from the above considerations there are four wrecks located near No. 5 Berth which are a considerable danger to navigation in the Harbour at Mormugao even during fair weather, and no tugs are available to assist vessels while docking or undocking

We would stress that the Company make every endeavour to afford all facilities to the public wishing to travel to and from Goa on our African Line vessels, but, as the facts stated here disclose, there is a definite element of risk in large passenger vessels calling at Mormugao during the monsoon.—Yours, etc.,

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.
Agents.

MACHINERY TO SPEED UP INDUSTRIAL TRUCE

Fair Wages For Labour And Fair Deal For Capital: Plans For Profit-sharing

NEW DELHI, May 4, (A.P.I.): The conference of labour Ministers of provinces and important states which met here on May 3 and 4 under the chairmanship of Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Minister of Labour Government of India, decided that an expert committee should be set up to advise on what should be the fair remuneration for capital and how surplus profits should be shared between capital and labour.

COMPOSITION OF COMMITTEE

It was agreed that this committee should be composed of three representatives each of employers and workers, an economist and representatives of the labour, industry and supply, commerce and finance Ministries of the Government of India. It was suggested that the committee should be required to submit its report by the end of June.

The conference decided that tripartite advisory committees should be set up both at the centre and in the provinces to implement the industrial truce resolution adopted last December. The advisory committee would set up various sub-committees to deal with wages, production, industrial relations, housing etc., as might be found necessary. The Central Advisory Committee which would be the pivot of the industrial truce machinery would consider the report of the expert committee on fair remuneration to capital.

The sub-committee on wages under the Central Advisory Committee, it was decided, should lay down the policy to be adopted in determining fair wages and in prescribing minimum wages under the Minimum Wages Act. It was suggested that sample agricultural surveys should be started without delay and the questionnaire prepared by the Central Government for collecting statistical and other information in regard to agricultural labour should now be finalised.

HOUSING BOARD.

The conference decided that the Central Government should set up a housing board and pass the necessary legislation to enable the board to discharge its functions such as raising of a loan, the building of houses etc. It was agreed that for a housing scheme special financial provision was necessary various schemes including a proposal for capitation tax on employment were examined. It was recommended that details should be worked out quickly and that the Government of India should take an early decision. In these discussions, Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, Minister for Finance, also participated.

It was recognised that it was impossible to do without cement and steel in places like Bombay where vertical development was necessary. On the other hand, in rural and semi-rural areas where it was possible to erect single storey buildings, it was felt that experiments should be carried on with processed earth so as to find out whether suitable and lasting houses could be constructed, reducing to the minimum the use of building materials which were scarce.

PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES.

The conference recommended that employment should be included as a concurrent subject in the new constitution. It was decided that the employment exchanges should be made permanent and their administration transferred to the provinces as early as possible. The centre should, however, continue to co-ordinate their activities. As regards training centres set up by the labour ministry, it was decided that they should be continued for a further year on the existing basis and should be handed over simultaneously with the employment exchanges to the provinces.

The conference also decided that in view of the revised Factories Bill now before the legislature, factory inspectorates in the provinces and states should be strengthened so that an adequate inspection service might come into existence by the time the new act comes into force.

The conference was attended by the labour ministers of Bombay, the United Provinces, Madras, the Central Provinces, Orissa, East Punjab, Assam, Bihar, Mysore. Indore, Travancore and Cochin besides the officials of the ministries of Labour, Finance and Industry and Supply.

ARAB FORCE INVADES PALESTINE

(Continued from Page 1)

their actual positions after the ceasefire in Jerusalem brought about by the British army.

The Jews bombarded "in vain" the Arab positions in the Sarad District of Northern Palestine and carried out air reconnaissance.

An Arab source in Jerusalem said Arabs were grouping in the south Palestine hills on the Jerusalem-Hebron highway to attack the Jewish settlement of Kfar Etzion.

The road outside Bethlehem was mined, it was added.

Throughout Transjordan, war preparations were being completed.

The Arab Legion was being mobilised with artillery and armoured fighting vehicles.

Traning of thousands of new recruits was being speeded up.

ABDULLAH AS SUPREME COMMANDER

King Abdullah of Transjordan is expected to be the Supreme Commander of the Arab regular troops, with General Ismail Safwat Pasha commanding the volunteers of the Arab "Liberation Army".

The "Liberation Army" Commander in the field, Fawziel Din Alkawukji now at headquarters at Ramallah, ten miles north of Jerusalem, is said to be preparing a counter-blow in the Jerusalem area with about 5,000 irregulars backed by local fighters.

JEWISH STRENGTH

The Jewish army of Irgun and Haganah forces was estimated at 20,000 front line troops with at least 40,000 in support.

POLICE RAID ON JEWISH ORGANISATION

JOHANNESBURG, May 4 (Reuter): Mr. J. Kaplan, acting chairman of the Jewish United Revisionist Party in South Africa, said today that his organisation was giving Jews basic military training before sending them to Palestine.

The party's offices in Capetown were raided yesterday by police.

Mr. Kaplan said the military training only vasic and without arms.

After the raid, police took away a number of circulars, newspapers and other publications. Most of these could be bought on bookstalls, Mr. Kaplan said.

SCUFFLE IN PARIS MEETING

PARIS, May 4 (Reuter): A fight broke out between Jews and Arabs in the Paris Salee Wagram where the French League for Palestine had called a meeting last night.

Police expelled some 30 Arabs who attended the meeting, after one of them jumped on to the platform and attempted to strangle a Jewish speaker.

HUNT FOR MURDERER

WOLVERHAMPTON, (Staffordshire) May 4 (Reuter) Captain Roy Farran, believed to be still in grave danger from enemies, who killed his brother yesterday with a booby trap parcel bomb, left here today for destination.

27-year-old Farran- - acquitted last October by a Palestine court martial on a charge of murdering a missing Jewish youth- - was not expected to attend the formal opening today of the inquest on his brother Rex.

The police were reticent today, but it is believed the hunt has spread to France and Palestine on the assumption that the bomb was planned by Palestine terrorists.

500 BR. COMMANDOES ARRIVE IN PALESTINE

JERUSALEM, May 4 (UPA) Five-hundred British marine commandoes, some of the world's toughest troops, and a tank unit from the Suez Canal zone arrived in Palestine yesterday and this morning.

Reliable sources said that on their heels fresh groups were expected from Cyprus tonight, including tanks and rocket firing fighter squadrons.

FORMER NEW YORK GOVERNOR CALLS FOR IMMEDIATE TRUSTEESHIP

WASHINGTON, May 4 (UPA) Former New York Governor Herbert Lehman after a conference with President Truman today called for immediate trusteeship for Jerusalem.

Plea For Strong Central Government

Jamiat Leader's Appeal

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Maulana Habibur Rehman Ludhianvi, Jamiat-ul-Ulema leader addressing a joint meeting of Hindus and Muslims, tonight, near the Jumma Masjid (Sheikh Memon Street) made a fervent plea for a full-fledged Congress Cabinet for Centre for establishing a strong Government.

He said that the heterogeneous elements in the Cabinet should be removed and a complete Congress Cabinet on the lines of provinces should be established.

Mr. Gaupati Shanker Desai, President of the C Ward Congress Committee presiding, paid tribute to Mahatma Gandhi and said that the Greatman who made India free, was not amidst them. Referring to the disturbances in the Punjab and other places, he said, they should take a pledge that these things would never repeat.

Maulana Rehman remarked it was deplorable that the Muslims were misguided by the opportunist leaders who had deserted them. Appealing them to consider India as their mother country he said, "You cannot run away anywhere, nobody wants you. Consider this land as your country and love and serve her with your heart".

He added that even though the Indians had achieved freedom, they had not given up old habits. They had not yet got rid of slavery that had entrenched deep in their mind. It was unfortunate that they could not decide what should be the language of India. Though the British had gone away, it was suggested that the English language should be continued for five years.

Addressing the Hindus, he said that they should bury the old quarrels and live as brothers with the Muslims. "If you dream of establishing a Hindu Raj in India, he warned, "you will succeed only in loosing your hard-earned freedom".

Governor Opens Star Line's Traffic Office

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

H. E. Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay, performed the opening ceremony of the Traffic Office of the Indian Overseas Airlines, Limited, known as the Star Lines, at the Santa Cruz Aerodrome this evening and congratulated the firm on the progress it had made during the short period of its existence. The Governor hoped that the India Government would encourage the firm by granting it the necessary permission to operate more line.

Mr. J. M. Akhaney, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the firm welcomed the Governor earlier and gave a short history of the firm and the progress it made since its establishment last year. Mr. Akhaney assured full co-operation to the Government.

Bevin Can Tackle Kremlin But Not Communism

(Continued from Page 1)

sufficiency, demlitarisation, the proposed Japanese peace treaty and the level of Japanese industry.

It appeared, he said, that by 1952 Japan's population would be about 85,000, 000. She would want about 415,000.000 dollars worth of exports of industrial goods to buy food for her own population. The treaty was of great importance to the Commonwealth countries.

Also, had there been any development in the defence agreement with Burma? Had the Government any views on the Soviet-Afghan Trade Agreement, in which he said there was a clause that the Afghans recognised Russia's predominant interest in Afghanistan's northern provinces.

STOP PRESS

HE STICKS TO SEGREGATION

JACKSON, Mississippi, May 4. (Reuter): The Governor of Mississippi, Mr. Fielding Wright, said today that there would be segregation of Negroes in his State "regardless of everything said or done by all the self-styled do-gooders".

BARODA DEADLOCK.

BOMBAY, May 4. (U.P.I.): The Baroda deadlok on the question of of appointment of a popular Interim Ministry has defied solution and as a last resort, the Maharaja of Baroda is leaving for Mussoorie during the week-end to see Sardar Vallabhai Patel, the Deputy Prime Minister, it is learnt. To-days meeting between His Highness and Mr. Chunilal P. Shah, President of the State Praja Mandal, lasted barely five minutes and they parted without coming to any agreement.

1 KILLED IN PLANE CRASH.

MUNICH, May 4, (U.P.A.): One American flier was burned to death and two others seriously injured late last night when a B-29 'Superfortress' crashed shortly after its takeoff from the Furstfeldbruck air base.

FRANKFURT, May 4, (U.P.A.): A wave of strikes for more food spread through Germany to-day.

Workers in Hanover, Nuremberg, Ausberg, Munich and Mannheim were all affected.

ARBITRAL TRIBUNAL DISSOLVED

NEW DELHI, May 4, (A.P.I.): The Arbitral Tribunal set up last year has been dissolved by an ordinance issued to-day. The dissolution of the Tribunal, says the ordinance will not affect the validity of any award made by the Tribunal and every such award will continue to be binding on all parties and persons directly or indirectly concerned in, or affected by the award.

REFORM OF LORDS.

LONDON, May 4. (Reuter): Leaders of all British political parties broadly agreed to principles of reform in the second chamber which would have allowed women to sit in the House of Lords and share a new title—"Lords of Parliament".

BELGIAN CABINET TO RESIGN

Sequel To Party Opposition To Educational Policy

BRUSSELS, May 4 (Reuter): The Belgian Premier M. Paul Henri Spaak, has decided to hand the resignation of his Government to the Prince regent, it was authoritatively learned here today.

The reason for M. Spaak's decision to resign was his own Socialist Party's opposition to the Government policy in the 75-year-old dispute between state-sponsored and "free" Catholic schools.

FEAR OF 'COUP' IN HOLLAND

THE HAGUE, May 3 (Reuter):— The Dutch Minister of Home Affairs, Doctor P. J. Witteman, "alert to the possibility of a coup d'etat with outside help' called to-night for volunteers to strengthen the national reserves.

Doctor Witteman explained a broadcast that events in other countries had put the Government on the alert and it was not unlikely that the small Dutch minority which might make such an attempt would receive outside help

British Industries Fair

Royal Party's Visit To Indian Stalls

LONDON, May 4. (Reuter): The King and Queen were deeply interested visitors to the India, Pakistan and Ceylon stalls when they visited the British Industries Fair to-day.

Received at the Pakistan stall by the Pakistan High Commissioner, Mr. Habib Rahimtoola, the royal party included Queen Mary, Princess Margarate and the Duchess of Kent.

The King inspected some gold-threaded embroidered shoes. The Queen was fascinated by delicate silver filigree work, East Punjab handloomed tapestry, and woodcarving.

At the India Stand the King was admiring a lovely brocade of cream silk embroidered with gold when the Duchess of Kent, recognising the pattern, exclaimed: "That is the same stuff I bought before the war, and I am still using it as an evening wrap".

From among the Indian exhibits the Queen ordered some lovely platters of Damascene work.

When Their Majesties approached the Ceylon stand the Queen was presented with a bouquet by a Ceylonese girl wearing a sari of dark blue and white.

GOVT. DECLARES WAR ON CLOTH PROFITEERS

(Continued From Page 1)

mission the question of quicker supplies of Japanese cotton textiles also. The main snag here is exchange. Presently payments for purchases from Japan are made in dollars which are in short supply. The Government proposes to urge the Japanese Trade delegation to arrange for payment in sterling in order to facilitate Japanese imports.

Delhi To Take Drastic Action

NEW DELHI, May 4 (API): The Government of India are expected to take "drastic action" to check the crisis in the textile trade, occasioned by the skyrocketting of prices.

It is reliably learned that the Government propose to absorb in the state exchequer the increased price charged by the manufacturers over what the Tariff Board might fix as fair ex-mill price. While this will undoubtedly be a windfall to the state, it is understood that the contemplated step is not a revenue raising proposition, but is calculated to discourage mills charging excessive prices, the benefits of which will not go to them.

The Tariff Board which met in Bombay today to determine fair ex-mill prices of cloth and yarn is expected to give priority in deciding this question. If, for example, the Tariff Board, taking into consideration fluctuations in cotton prices, decides to fix, say Rs. 1,000/- as fair ex-mill price per bale of cloth, whatever in excess of this price the manufacturer bight charge would be taken—away.

It will be recalled that the Governmedt had already announced that they were considering "what steps should be taken to absorb in the public exchequer the excessive profits made by the industry and the trade, and to ensure that cloth is made available to the consumer at reasonable prices".

It is learned in this connection that the trade had suggested some sort of a levy or contribution based on looms or the outturn of the mills but this suggestion was rejected firstly, because, it would be tantamount to Government's participation in the mulcting of the consumer and secondly it would not ensure a check against a rise in the prices.

The present spiral in the textile prices is said to be a temporary malady which must collapse within a short time The reason for this optimism, it is pointed out, is because production is gradually looking up, and if the present pace is maintained, the supply would outrun demand and a consequent fall in prices will ensue.

An allied question which is said to be engaging the attention of the industry and supply Ministry is that of taking steps to blot out blackmarketting.

It is understood that the details of Governmental measures will be announced shortly.

'Pravda' Features B. T. Randive

MOSCOW May 4 (Reuter): The Communist Party newspaper 'Pravda' to-day devotes a column to a letter of the Indian Communist leader B. T. Ranadive circulated among Congress members denouncing the policy of the Nehru Government.

NEW DELHI May 4. (A.P.I.): The second sugarcane forecast of the Indian Union for 1947/48 will be released by the Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Ministry of Agriculture, New Delhi, on May 6, says a press note.

Demand For Execution Of 1,000 Greek Communists

ATHENS, May 4. (Reuter): M. Constantine Rendis, provisional successor to the assassinated Minister of Justice, Christos Ladas, is pressing for the execution of nearly 1,000 Communists held under sentence of death since the 1944 rebellion, it was stated here today.

Twenty-five were executed here today for alleged murders committed during 1944 rising when left-wing parties quit the Papandreou Provisional Government, while 100 more alleged Communists were reported arrested for questioning about assassination of M. Ladas.

Reliable Government quarters disclosed that orders had been given to shoot another 115 detained under sentence of death in the provinces, and M. Rendis was stated to have asked the judicial authorities to "clear the files" of 830 other Communists condemned three years ago for their part in the rebellion.

Evastratios Moutzoyannis, the man who is alleged to have assassinated M. Ladas on Saturday, was today recovering from wounds in hospital under police guards.

Police sources said they had information which indicated that Communists might try to poison him to prevent his giving the names of those who ordered the assassination.

'WE WILL KILL YOU SOPHOLLIS'

Mystery Telephone Callers Warn Greek Premier

ATHENS, May 3 (Reuter)—Mystery telephone callers have twice warned the Greek Premier M. Themistocles Sophollis, that he would be killed. It was disclosed today during investigations into the assassination on Saturday of M. Christol Ladas, Minister of Justice, the Greek News Agency reported.

M. Ladas had also been shot.

Evstratious Moutsoxannis, alleged killer of M. Ladas, was stated to have confessed during a four-hour questioning today to have "executed" the Minister on the orders of the Communist Party

154 Greek Guerillas And Communists Executed

ATHENS May 4 (U.P.A.): Army firing squads executed to-day 154 alleged guerillas and communists for the biggest single day's work in the long series of mass executions.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, May 4, (API): The Calcutta stock exchange today ruled steady and unchanged. The volume of business was moderate.

Following are todays final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES:—Three per cent loan 18. . 1961/64 101/14; S 10s three per cent loan 1970/75 99/12; three per cent loan 1957 101/8; S 10s three per cent loan 1963/55 102/6/6; three per cent loan 1959/61 101/6; S lot.

BANKS:—Calcutta National Bank 14/4; CT Hindustan Mercantile Bank 34/8; CT Imperial Bank Conty. 487/8; S lot Reserve Bank 107/-; United Commercial Bank 63/-.

COTTONS:—Cawnpore Textile 10/-; Kesoram 19/-; Dunbar 274/-; Muir Mills 331; New Victoria Ordy. 4/12;.

COALS:—Bengals 503; New Beerbhoom 17/6; Raneegunge 19/4; Talcher 4/15; Churulia 4/12; Kasra Jherriah 32/8; Satpukuria and Asansol 1/6.

JUTES:—Anglo-India 520; Auckland 322; Bally 316; Champdany 214; Ganges 415 Howrah 79/-; Kamarhatty 638; Slot Kelvin 349/8; Megna 137; National 28/12; S lot Reliance 80/12 S lot Barnagore 292; Gourepore 630; Kinnison 362; Naihati 313; Presidency 6/13.

ENGINEERINGS:—Arthur Butler 14/14 Indian Iron and Steel 29/-; Steel Corpn. 24/-; Ditto Pref. 123; Textules Machinery 8/2.

MISCELLANEOUS:—Burma Corpn. 3/-; Consolidated Tin 1/8; Tavoy Tin 1/4; Indian Copper 2/9 Karanpura Development 35/2; Sone Valley 6/7; Alkali and Chemical 16/9; Bathgate and Co. 6/-; Calcutta Electrics 30/2; Angelo Brothers 21/4 BIC 8/9; Calcutta Trams 23/4; F and O Oster 10/-; Indian National Airways 7/12; Jardine Henderson 165/-; S Odd lot Martin Burn 16/6; S lot National Insulated Cable 9/6; National Tobacco 30/12; British Burma Pet. 2/8; India Paper Pulp 162; Star Paper 6/12; Titaghur Paper 41/8; Midnapore Zemindary 101/8; Asam Saws 6/4; India Steamship 12/.

SUGARS:—Carew and Co. 9/2; S lot Darbhanga 15/1; Gaya Sugar 5/-; CT Raja 15/-; UP Sugar 13/-.

TEAS:—Baghmari 14/14; Chamong 16/4; Dessai and Parbuttia 450 East India 19/2; CT Hattikhira 17/4; S lot Tezpore 23/12.

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, May 4.

Following are todays quotations:—

Cotton rollers NT 62 ; Punjab 289; F 101/-; US8 76/-; 4 F 64/-; May delivery 60/12.

Market was lower on easier Bombay advices and less demand. Spot sales bales 1650 arrivals 4680- exports 4050; bales of which 3000; for Bombay.

Cottonseeds NT 6/12; Desi 7/8. Steady but business at standstill. Copras 50/-; Easy.

Gold tajabi 112/8; Sovereigns 74/8; Silver coins 128/;. Quiet for Silver but firm for Gold.

Chinese Dollar Goes Down Further

SHANGHAI, May 4 (Reuter): China's national currency reached a record low value today when it took 930,000 Chinese dollars to buy one United States dollar on the black market The official rate is 12,000 Chinese dollars to one United States dollar.

The past twenty-four hours also saw a further 3,000,000 Chinese dollars added to the price of gold bars which fetched 48,000,000 Chinese dollars an ounce.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON May 4 (Reuter) Ashant goldfields shares today enlivened West African section in the London Stockmarkets with a rise of five Shillings at 48 Shillings. Buyers appeared when monthly report showed this company found gold in rich quantities.

Elsewhere quiet idle conditions prevailed, although prices were not without some firmness. Nervousness concerning middle east outlook has restricted business to negligible proportions and even speculative activity has been on much-reduces scale.

Gilt-edged market benefited from small investment buying and gains of 1/8 were fairly widespread. This lead was followed by the leading shares in industrial market with Iron and Steel issues particularly favoured.

In common with other sections, the oil market experienced another quiet day. After some slight early improvement, prices tended to sag and in some instances finished below the opening levels.

South African gold shares faded out in view of the activity in West Africans. The dividend payers were occasionally lower, being adversely affected by Washidgton reports that devaluation of sterling, is unlikely.

Trading in foreign bonds was confined to Japanese and Greek issues which revealed small improvements.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON JULY

NEW YORK, May 4

Previous closing	36.10
Today's opening	36.24
Difference	+24
Today's closing	36.55
Difference	+55

LAST QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK, May 4

Cotton Jarila May	Rs. 664-0
Silver Bullion Forward	176-8
Silver Chamber	176-12
Gold Forward	112-10
Sovereign	74-8

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, May 4

New York stock exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
General Motors 56-1/2.
United States Steel Common 76-3/4.
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

KUTCH HUNDI RATES

(From Our Correspondent)

Hundi buying 306; BHUJ May 4. Hundi selling 306;.
Gold 112.
Silver 156.

MARSHALL AID PLAN

European And American Officials Confer At Paris

PARIS, May 4 (Reuter): First official contact between European and American Marshall Aid officials took place in Paris today.

Col. C. H. Bonesteel heading an advance party for the Roving Aid Ambassador, Mr Averell Harriman, met the Committee of the European Economic Co-operation Organisation headed by a British Treasury expert, Mr. Eric Roll.

BRITAIN QUALIFIES FOR MARSHALL AID

WASHINGTON, May 3 (Reuter): Britain today formally qualified for aid under the Marshall plan.

The first requisitions of supplies for Britain are expected to be made soon, an official said here today.

Britain cannot afford to use Marshall Plan funds to buy newsprint despite the danger that British newspapers may be reduced in size from their present four pages, a Government spokesman told the Commons last night.

Harbour Branch Traffic Disorganised

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Harbour Branch of the G.I.P. Railway was completely disorganised this evening between 4-50 p.m. to 9-30 p.m. due to the sudden failure of the automatic signal between Mahim and Kingsway stations.

Can't Avert Split In W. F. T. U.

ROME, May 4. (Reuter): The special committee of the World Federation of Trades Union, set up to prevent an open split, failed to-day to reach agreement.

The Committee may finally present two resolutions one reflecting the pro-Communist and the other the strictly Trade Union standpoint, and referring them to the Executive Bureau.

The "Crisis" Committee of six was set up yesterday, after the Anglo-American and Russian delegates had clashed sharply over alleged "abuse" of the Federation's machintry for Communist Party ends.

Soviet Flag In Czechoslovakia

LONDON, May 4. (Reuter): The U.S.S.R. State flag will be flown with the Czechoslovak State flag on public buildings during certain national holidays, Prague radio reported to-day.

His ruling was adopted at to-day's Cabinet meeting after being proposed by the Communist Minister of the Interior, Mr. V. Nosek.

Mountbatten To Visit Jodhpur

NEW DELHI May 4. (A.P.I.): Their Excellencies the Governor-General and the Countess Mountbatten of Burma will visit Jodhpur and Bundi between May 5 and 7, says a press note.

Colombia Severs Diplomatic Relations With U. S. S. R.

LONDON, May 4 (Reuter)—The Colombian Government has broken off diplomatic relations with the USSR. radio Bogota reported last night.

The radio report follows earlier reports, later officially denied, that the erlations had been broken because of alleged Russian participation in last month's Colombian revolution, in which some 1,500 people were killed.

Walk-Out In Hyderabad Assembly

HYDERABAD, Dn, May 4 (UPI): Members of the Lingayat Party staged a walk-out from the Hyderabad State Legislative Assembly today when a resolution, moved by one of the members of the Party, regarding the alleged atrocities perpetrated in the Lingayat community in the Vidar district by "mischievous elements" was rejected by the House.

"C. R.'S" APPOINTMENT

"New York Times'" Tribute To His Integrity

NEW YORK. May 4. (Reuter): The New York 'Herald Tribune" today published on its front page a picture of India's newly-appointed Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, and beneath it a half-column report of his appointment.

The New York "Times" published a half-column story from London on an inside page. The "Times" report commented: Mr. Rajagopalachari's outstanding quality, according to observers of the Indian scene, both Britons and Americans, is his integrity".

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

REVISED RATION QUANTUM

Food grains ration quantum for the four weeks i.e., from May 2, 1948 to May 29, 1948 has been fixed as follows:—

Total Cereal Ration Per Week.	Per Adult (two food grains units.)	Per Child (one food grains Unit.)	Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration Card of one Unit
Total Cereal Ration Per Week	3.1/8 seers	1.9/16 seers	1 seer
Maximum available in Rice (Any variety)	1 seer	1/2 seer	1/4 seer
Maximum available in Wheat*	1.1/4 seer	5/8 seer	1/4 seer (in wheat flour).
Of which—			
(a) Maximum available in Wheat grain	1 seer	1/2 seer	nil
(b) Maximum available in Wheat flour	1.1/4 seer	5/8 seer	1/4 seer
†Maximum available in Milo	1/2 seer	1/4 seer	nil
Maximum available in Maize	3.1/8 seers	1.9/16 seers	1 seer
Maximum available in Barley.	nil	nil	nil

*One Bombay seer of wheat is equivalent to 1.1/2 lbs. or 24 ozs. of wheat flour.

One seer of wheat ration is equivalent to one unit of Bread and one unit of Bread is equivalent to 28 ozs of Bread.

Bread Tickets can be obtained within the permissible quantity of wheat ration at the rate of one Bread unit per seer of wheat ration.

The concession of allowing a Bread Ticket of one unit on a child's ration card against surrender of the entire ration will continue

†Milo will be available on basic ration cards only till the present stocks in the shops last.

R

CONSUMERS of Steam Coal and Coke are entitled to receive against the permits already issued to them 75% of the quotas stated in the permits in case of Steam Coal and 100% of the quotas in case of remaining types of fuel during the month of May, 1948

R

Since April 18, 1948, Card and Permit holders were allowed to draw fortnightly rations. It has been now decided to allow card and permit holders to draw monthly ration i.e to draw four weeks' rations at a time from the commencement of 19th Rationing Week i.e. Sunday, May 2, 1948. For this purpose rationing weeks are grouped as under:

19th to 22nd week (from May 2 to May 29, 1948)
23rd to 27th week (from May 30 to July 3, 1948)
28th to 31st week (from July 4 to July 31, 1948)

and so on.

Rations for the grouped four weeks period can be drawn on any working day during any of the weeks of the group concerned.

Rations can, however, be drawn as at present separately for each week if so desired.

Bread tickets valid for particular weeks will be issued separately as required by the cardholders.

Discussion On Nehru's Speech Ruled Out

Motion Outside Purview Of House, Says Hyderabad Minister

HYDERABAD, (DN.), MAY 3 (A.P.I.) : THE PRESIDENT TODAY RULED AN ADJOURNMENT MOTION IN HYDERABAD ASSEMBLY TO DISCUSS THE RECENT UTTERANCES OF PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, PRIME MINISTER OF INDIA, AT THE RECENT SESSION OF THE ALL INDIA CONGRESS COMMITTEE AT BOMBAY AND MR. ASHOK MEHTA AT BOMBAY CORPORATION, OUT OF ORDER.

Nawab Main Nawaz Jung, Finance Minister opposed the motion on the ground that it was outside purview of the House. The matter was, however, engaging the Government's attention and would be taken up with the Government of India shortly.

Syed Kasim Razvi, said that Pandit Nehru delivered his speech at the A.I.C.C. not in his capacity as India's Prime Minister and hence the speech he is reported to have made and also that of Mr. Ashok Mehta could be discussed on the floor of the House.

The President however ruled the motion out of order.

Answering supplementaries on the questions relating to the grant of educational facilities for members of the Depressed Classes B. S. Venkat Rao Education Minister declared that the Harijans were not Hindus but were separate community by themselves.

A member asked in the election Hindu seat that if the Harijans were separate from the Hindus. There was no answer.

Nizam Alleges Violation Of Territory

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 4, (U. P. I.): A Press Note issued by the Nizam Government says:—

"There has been further violation of Hyderabad territory by raiders from the Indian Union.

A party of 100 Congressites from Sholapur District, Bombay) entered the Khanapur village in the Osmanabad district on April 25 and took away bullocks and three goats belonging to Muslims.

"Another party of Congressites entered the Tahila village in the Nanded district on April 26, set fire to the houses and shops of four Muslims and destroyed the distilling apparatus of Kalal. Damage wrought in the village is estimated at Rs. 13,000.

"Following the arrest of a gang of dacoits oprating in villages under the jurisdiction of the Bhokarjan police station Aurangabad 15 constables set out on April 21 to raid a Gadi (fortified build) at the Janephli village where the arrested men said that arms were stored. About 4 a.m. next day the police tried to surround the Gadi, but two men in an adjoining field gave an alarm and the men in the Gadi started firing and throwing stones. The police returned fire killing two men in the Gadi. An Assistant Police Superintendent having arrived with 40 armed constables the police surrounded the whole village and firing continued throughout the night. In the early hours of April 23 the Gadi was captured without further resistance and the police arrested 32 men".

ULTIMATUM TO NIZAM

NEW DELHI, May 4 (UPI): A strong representation, amounting to an ultimatum, has been sent by the Government of India to the Nizam of Hyderabad, it is learnt here to-day, says a report published in to-day's "Hindusthan Times" from their special correspondent.

The report further states that the Government of India has called upon the Nizam to create the necessary conditions for the settlement of outstanding issues between India and Hyderabad.

Nizam Restores Petrol Quota

HYDERABAD, (Dn), May 2. (A. P. I.): Motorists in Hyderabad will now be able to draw their full quota of petrol.

Nizam Withdraws Warrants Against 'Red' Leaders

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), May 3 (API): Following the announcement tonight to the Nizam's Government's decision to lift the ban imposed on the Communist organisation in Hyderabad State, warrants of arrest against 4 Communist leaders including Mr. Ravi Narayana Reddy and Raja Bahadur Gewd have been withdrawn.

MADHYA BHARAT UNION

INDORE, May 3, (A. P. I.): The Interim Legislative Assembly of the United State of Gwalior-Indore-Malwa (Madhya Bharat) will be formed by August 1, 1948.

The Assembly will consist of 75 members, 40 of whom will be elected by the Gwalior State Legislative Assembly, 15 by the Indore State Legislative Council, and 20 members will be elected by the Electoral College to be constituted by the Rajpramukh in consultation with the Government of India, it is learnt.

The Election of 15 members to the Interim Legislative Assembly of the Madhya Bharat Union will be held on May 7 by the Indore State Legislative Council at Indore, according to a press note issued this evening by the Director of Information, Indore. The election will be by proportional representation by means of a single transferable vote.

NEW MEMBERS OF A. I. C. C.

24 Representatives From States Co-opted

NEW DELHI, May 4 (API): The Congress Working Committee, at its meeting here on May 1, decided to co-opt 24 representatives from the States as members of the AICC This decision was in accordance with the interim proposals for States, accepted by the AICC at Bombay recently, which authorised the Working Committee to co-opt not more than 30 members from the Indian States. The new members will function for the interim period only and will have the same rights as those from Congress provinces.

The co-opted members are:

Pandit Hiralal Shastri, Prime Minister, Jaipur, Panditjai Narain Vyas, Prime Minister, Jodhpur, Shri T. M. Vargiz, Minister, Travancore State. Trivandrum, Shri Vrushabhan, advocate, Sunam (Patiala State). Shri E. Ikandar Warriar, advocate, Trichur (Cochin State), Shri Gokul Bhai Bhatt, Sirohi (Rajputana), Shri K. C. Reddy, Prime Minister, Mysore State Bangalore, Shri Gopikrishna Vijayavargi, Minister, Gwalior State, Lashkar, Shri Baijanath Mahodaya, Minister, Indore State, Indore, Shri B. B. Shikhare, Sangli (M.S.M. Railway), Shri Kamalnayan Bajaj, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay, Shri T. Sidhalingaya, Mysore State Congress, Bangalore, Shri Pattam Thanu Pillay, Premier, Travancore State, Trivandrum, Shri Ratnappa Kumbhar, Shahupuri, Kolhapur, Shri Baburam Chaturvedi, Nougaon, (Vindhya Pradesh). Shri Kashinath Trivedi, Badhwani State (Central India), Shri Appa Saheb Pant, Oundh (South India), Shri Chunilal P. Shah, Baroda State, Shri Manikyalal Varma, Prime Minister, Rajasthan, Udaipur, Shri U. N. Dhebar, Prime Minister, Sourashtra, Rajkot, Dr. Yeshwant Sinha Parmar, Krishna Amar Lodge, Sanjouli, Simla, Shri Santaram ,Vakil, Nama (Punjab), Shri Bhavanji Arjun Khimji, Cutch, Shri Sarangadhar Das, Orissa.

Madras Assembly Favours Strong Central Govt.

MADRAS, May 3. (A. P. I.): The Madras Legislative Council (Upper House) today adjourned sine die after concluding the discussion on the new constitution of India as drawn up by the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly.

The House adopted an amendment moved by an independent member, Mr. B. Narayanaswami Naidu, suggesting direct election of the presidentship of the union by the people, as against an electoral college consisting of the members of both Houses of Parliament and the elected members of the legislatures of the states as envisaged by the draft constitution.

The need for a strong central Government, reallocation of provinces on a linguistic basis and abolition of caste-system from the date of the new constition taking effect were urged by Congress members while independent members of the House pleaded for wider powers to the provinces.

It was announced that the proceedings of the House together with the various amendments proposed by the members would be forwarded to the President of the Constituent Assembly shortly.

Congress Province Of Himachal Pradesh

NEW DELHI, May 4 (API): Himachal Pradesh has been recognised by the Congress Working Committee as a separate Congress province. In the absence of a Regional Council functioning in the new province, the Working Committee has appointed a Committee of Thirteen to act as the Provisional Provincial Congress Committee.

Purna Swaraj Yet To Be Won

Socialist Leader Charges Congress With Fascist Tendencies

AHMEDABAD, May 4 (A.P.I.): Presiding over the first Gujerat Socialist Party Convention held today Mr. Purshottamdas Tricumdas, Socialist leader, said that Mahatma Gandhi's mission of winning Swaraj had been accomplished but his other mission of establishing Purna Swaraj was still incomplete. It was for them to accomplish that mission.

Foreign domination had disappeared and now the rehabilitation of the masses had to be undertaken. The Congress had formed a united front against the British Government in which all sections of the people had joined. Now the Congress must become either a socialist party or a conservative party. With the exception of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad the Congress leadership was turning the Congress into a conservative party in which there was no place for the socialist party. The Congress Governments, both at the Centre and in the Provinces, were sitting tight over their steam roller majorities and becoming fascists.

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay, was complaining of lack of co-operation from the people. What was its cause? If the Congress was really a democratic body it should seek the mandate of the people. Sardar Patel was forming state unions which was admirable but why should he pay crores of rupees to the former Princes except to get their support in the formation of a conservative party? He also asked Bihar Government to pay greater compensation for the zamindars on the abolition of zamindari system.

DRAFT CONSTITUTION

There were also the representatives of the capitalists, Hindu Mahasabha and Scheduled Caste in the Central Government but not the representative of the poor. The draft constitution framed by the Constituent Assembly, which was elected on the old franchise, had provided exceptions which completely nullified the fundamental rights. A constituent assembly elected on adult franchise should frame a new constitution of the socialist republic. The Congress Ministries were formed in the provinces on the basis of caste. It was against the democratic principle of casteless society.

OPPOSITION PARTY

Concluding Mr. Purshottamdas said the Socialist Party had come out of the Congress not merely to criticise but to form an Opposition party and capture power. The agitational phase of the Congress movement was over, and now they must devote themselves to organisational work throughout the country.

About two hundred members from different parts of Gujerat attended the convention.

SOCIALISTS WILL CAPTURE POWER

Purshottam Tricumdas On His Party Prospects

AHMEDABAD, May 3 (API): "I am not a prophet, but I can say that before the next elections the Socialist Party will be a living opposition party capable of forming an alternative Government" declared Mr. Purshottamdas Tricumdas, the Socialist leader at a press conference here today.

He added: 'We hope to form a Government in a few provinces and if the conditions in the Bombay province continue as they are we are very hopeful of forming a Government in the Bombay province. Our object is to capture all the organs of Government including Local Self-Government."

Referring to the recent statement of Dr. Ambedkar, Mr. Purshottamdas said, "Dr. Ambedkar has thriven on the slogan of separate representation for Scheduled Classes, and it is through his influence that a provision has been made in the draft constitution for the reservation of seats for the so-called minorities. This is the most vicious principle that has poisoned the political life of India and if this principle is followed for another five years there will be parties in India based on religion or caste. If this is to be checked there should be no reservation of any kind."

PARTY PROGRAMME

Regarding the programme of the Socialist Party Mr. Purshottamdas said that the basic and key industries including textile, sugar and chemical industries should be immediately nationalised. They should be run by regional councils or co-operatives.

Referring to the elections in U. P., Mr. Purshottamdas admitted that they had fared badly because the whole was a matter of surprise that the press with a few exceptions hardly raised voice of protest. In the name of emergency Government was arming with powers which the British Government did not possess.

Concluding, Mr Purshottamdas said: "we would not agitate for or advocate the reunion of India and Pakistan We feel that India and Pakistan would be a united state if Socialist Governments come to power in both the areas. The Socialist Party in Pakistan will not be affiliated to or under some control of the Socialist Party in India."

"Jan Vani" To Appear From Lucknow

LUCKNOW, May 3 (A.P.I.)—"The Jan Vani", a Socialist Hindi Daily, will appear from Lucknow in the first week of July next under the editorship of Acharya Narendra Deva, the Socialist leader.

BAGDAD, May 3 (Reuter)—Haji Rashid Ali, former Iraqi Premier who led the pro-German revolt of 1941 against the British, was today pardoned by Royal decree.

ABOLITION OF ZAMINDARIS BILL

Congress High Command's Recommendations To Bihar Government

PATNA, May 3. (A.P.I.): The Congress Working Committee has made certain recommendations to the Bihar Government in connection with the abolition of Zamindaris bill, which include suggestions for revision of the slab rate of compensation and payment of compensation in negotiable bonds bearing uniform rate of interest at two and a half per cent per annum, it is learnt here.

Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, Revenue Minister of Bihar, and prominent zamindar of the province who had gone to Delhi to place before the Congress Working Committee the points of view of the Government and the landlords respectively, returned here yesterday.

The Congress Working Committee is reported to have asked the Bihar Government to proceed with the bill which was passed by the Biahr Government on April 20 and will be considered by the Bihar Legislative Council now.

The Committee is also reported to have recommended that special consideration may be made in the matter of payment of compensation to lessees of mines on the lines similar to those made in the case of nationalisation of mines in England.

Another recommendation of the Committee is that in calculating the net income on a proprietor or a tenor holder an average of ten years actual realisation of rent should be taken into consideration for making deductions on account of arrears which could not be realised.

ELECTION OF ITALIAN PRESIDENT

ROME, May 4 (Reuter): Signor Enrico Nicola, Italy's 71-year-old President, has informed Prime Minister Alcide de Gasperi that his health does not permit him to exercise any high state functions, the Prime Minister's office announced.

This was regarded as indicating that the President does not intend to seek re-election.

Political circles do not exclude the possibility, however, that Signor de Nicola may change his mind if strongly urged to do so by all parties.

The Communist leader, Signor Togliatti, has proposed that Popular Front Senators and Deputies boycott next Monday's joint session of the Chamber and Senate for the election of a President, Communist circles said last night.

FRENCH CITIZENS EXPELLED FROM RUSSIA

BERLIN, May 3 (Reuter): Nine French citizens—expelled from Russia so suddenly that one of them, a professional boxer still wore gymnasium shorts and a sweater under his greatcoat—were found in the early morning camping in the Berlin backgarden of a French Military Government official, it was officially disclosed to-night.

Given no reason for their expulsion, they were put on a train at short notice and after a long journey, marched under guard to a spot near where they were found and then told to keep marching straight ahead.

They did not even know what country they were in.

Six men and three women made up the group, among them a tutor who had been more than 50 years in Russia and a 73-year-old woman. They have now been returned to France.

A French spokesman said, "The whole thing is highly irregular and is, apparently, a reprisal for the French Government's expulsion some months ago of Soviet citizens from France."

FIRST ATOM AGE "ROBOT" DOES WORK OF MAN

NEW YORK, May 3 (UPA): The first atomic age "robot" was demonstrated here recently.

It was a mechanical hand device—a machine that does the work of man in dangerous radioactive areas. The device has two "hands"—similar to the double hooks used by amputees—that are operated from behind an 8 foot wall.

The operator uses a four-mirror periscope and binoculars to view the work of the "hands".

The mechanical hands could do most anything, including the peeling of an orange, unscrewing corks on bottles, and writing.

Promotion Of Good Relations Between India And Britain

"This Is A Duty Of Every National Of United Kingdom In India," Says Kitson

BOMBAY, Tuesday

"This is not the place to argue the pros and cons of Dominion status for India, but I do feel that its manifold advantages tend to get lost to view, and even ignored, against what are, for India, the few more obvious, and therefore, more frequently emphasised, disadvantages," observed Mr. G.V. Kiston, Deputy High Commissioner of United Kingdom in Bombay, speaking on the "United Kingdom High Commission in India"

Mr. Kiston spoke under the auspices of the Rotary Club at the Greens Hotel this afternoon, Mr. A.A.A. Fyzee presiding.

Broadly speaking the work of the High Commission in India, continued Mr. Kitson was not unlike that of an Embassy in a foreign country. Its primary function was to report the views of the United Kingdom Government to the Indian Government in New Delhi and vice versa. But there are also a number of important subsidiary functions arising out of this primary function.

In the first place it was the duty of the High Commissioner's organisation to undertake the interpretation of the United Kingdom Government's policy, whether in the domestic field or in the international sphere. This function was performed primarily by the British Information Service, which was a part of the High Commission, through the press and otherwise.

OTHER FUNCTIONS

Other functions included the interpretation of the views of the United Kingdom nationals in India to the U.K. Government and the Indian authorities, continued Mr. Kitson, adding: "We cannot interfere on their behalf to protest them from the operation of Indian laws or regulations where these are fairly and impartially applied. We do not claim any form of extra-territoriality on behalf of the United Kingdom nationals in India. On the other hand, we do claim the right to protect United Kingdom interests from the effect of Indian rules or regulations wherever these may serve to operate usually quite unintentionally-in a discriminatory and harmful manner against the U.K. interests."

PROMOTION OF GOOD RELATIONS

Not the least important duties of the High Commission in India, Mr. Kitson observed, was the promotion of good-will and good relations between the U.K. and India. "I like to think of goodwill as the oil without which the wheels of diplomacy cannot properly revolve. Without goodwill one is reduced to the bed-rock basis of international relations, that of strict reciprocity, which means that you give to another country only so much as that country is prepared to give to you, and not even that if you can get away with it. The promotion of goodwill and good relations is a function not only of the High Commission but of every single U.K. national in India, who to this extent are ambassadors of the United Kingdom in this country. Their duty is not only to sell United Kingdom goods but to sell their country to India in the broadcast sense, that is, to try and "put over" to the Indian people all that is best in the United Kingdom, character, national and civic ideals, culture, and the United Kingdom way of life as whole. In this way can understanding, and therefore goodwill, be created between the United Kingdom and India.

Speaking of his recent and future functions, Mr. Kitson said: "At present we are performing certain duties arising out of the transfer of power, such as assisting the repatriation of British troops and their dependents, and the repatriation of United Kingdom nationals who have become unemployed and are without means of their own. These functions may be expected to diminish in future and perhaps disappear altogether. On the other hand, other functions, such as the issue of passports and visas, registration of births and deaths, which are at present performed by the Indian authorities will, on the coming into force of the British Nationality Bill, now before the United Kingdom Parliament, be taken over by us and will cause a considerable increase in our work. Our functions as a whole will, in fact, tend to be be much more sharply defined on the enactment of the British Nationality Bill, by providing for a separate U.K. citizenship, will place squarely on the shoulders of the U.K. High Commissioner's many duties hitherto shared with the Dominion Governments as a common British responsibility.

The function ended with Mr. C.D. Deshmukh proposing a vote of thanks to the speaker.

Future Of Former Italian Colonies

Foreign Ministers' Deputies To Meet Again On May 11

LONDON, May 3 (Reuter): The Foreign Ministers' Deputies considering the future of the former Italian colonies have been invited to meet again on May 11, it was learned in good authority tonight.

With little more than four months to go before the September 15 deadline by which the United States, Soviet, British and French Foreign Ministers must decide the future of the colonies, the Deputies must act urgently to arrange a time-table for hearing the views of other interested Governments.

These hearings are long overdue. After Egyptian, Ethiopian and Italian representatives were heard last November on the future of Eritrea, the Deputies were unable to agree on a date for resuming.

The Deputies have also to discuss the report on Eritrea submitted by the Four-Power Investigating Commission which visited the colony.

British Labour Party's Membership Campaign

LONDON, May 4. (U.P.A.): Secretary General of the Labour Party Morgan Phillips to-day announced a membership campaign with a target of a million new members.

The present Labour Party membership is around 600,000, but the total membership, including the affiliated Trade Union membership, is 4,685,000.

FUTURE OF FRENCH POSSESSIONS IN INDIA

PONDICHERRY, May 3, (A. P. I.): An official declaration regarding the future of French possessions in India should be announced before the elections to the Chandernagore Municipal Assembly fixed for May 16, declared His Excellency Baron, Commissioner, French Republic for French India when interviewed by the Associated Press of India correspondent at Pondicherry today.

His Excellency admitted knowledge of strong rumour regarding the alleged agreement between France and India providing for a plebiscite for determining the future of French India and asserted that the French India Government were completely unaware of anything officially from the French Embassy, New Delhi regarding the France-India negotiations. However, His Excellency felt certain that an official announcement made would be about May 15, almost according to rumour widely prevalent.

Telephone Equipment To Be Manufactured In India

Government's Agreement With British Firm

NEW DELHI, May 4. (A.P.I.): The Government of India have entered into an agreement with a British concern in connection with the early establishment of an automatic telephone factory in India, it is officially announced.

A press communique issued by the Ministry of Communications, Government of India, says:—

The Government of India have been considering for some time the establishment of a factory in India for the manufacture of all automatic telephone and carrier equipment. Apart from its value as a national industry, the factory in India will be the quickest means of meeting the ever increasing demand for telephones, including replacements.

An official delegation of the Government of India visited Europe for finally settling the question and as a result of its negotiations, an agreement was executed on May 3, 1948 between the Government of India and the Automatic Telephone and Electric Co. Ltd., England.

TERMS OF AGREEMENT.

The agreement which is for a period of 15 years, in the first instance, provides that, on terms agreed, the company will allow the Government of India full use of all its existing and future patents and of other technical information which it is in possession of it will also make available to the Government of India on payment—on a proportionate basis—patents acquired from other parties under which the company has to pay royalties or similar considerations.

The company will also assist the Government in the early establishment of a fully equipped telephone factory in India both by acting as consulting engineers as well as by lending technical personnel when required till nationals of India are trained for the purpose, the company also undertaking to train Indian nationals in its own works in England.

Until such time as the factory in India is able to manufacture all telephone equipment needed in the country, the company will as a part of the agreement, appoint the Government of India as its sole agents in respect of all products manufactured by the company and needed in the interim period.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.
(ESTD. 1919)
THE LARGEST HOUSE OF INSURANCE IN INDIA.

IF YOU ARE ANXIOUS TO INCREASE your MONTHLY INCOME after taking a brief course of training. IF you want to make sound provision for your old age, and for dependents in case of EARLY DEATH IF you are anxious to minimise the effects of DEATH DUTIES, and make suitable provision for its payment, when the time comes, without affecting your Estate,

Please contact early

Saraswati Vilas,
Laxmi Road,
POONA, 2.

J. H. ENGINEER
Branch Manager.

Tariff Board Inquiry Into Cloth Prices

MILLOWNERS' CHARGE AGAINST MIDDLEMAN & SPECULATORS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Spokesmen of mill-owners' associations in the country told a Tariff Board enquiry into fair ex-mill prices of cloth and yarn, that started today, that they hated and disliked the present exhorbitant cloth prices and that they were for fixing them at levels lower than the prevailing ones.

MAIN ISSUES

The Board discussed several issues relating to the textile industry such as the purchase of cotton, depreciation, composition and rate of interest on working capital, return on capital employed and factors which help production and methods of ensuring reasonable prices to the consumer.

The representatives of the industry generally contended that, while it may be possible to determine reasonable ex-mill prices at the present time, it would be next to impossible to ensure that the prices paid by the consumers were reasonable because of a chain of middlemen and prevailing speculation in the cloth market. They also urged that depreciation should be on a replacement basis since the costs of plant and machinery had increased by four or five times and the depreciation fund and reserves at the disposal of the industry were inadequate to re-equip the industry, let alone expand it.

Mr. G. L. Mehta, Chairman of the Board, opening the discussions said that although measures of decontrol had been adopted in January last and in April, Government had decided to continue the inquiry by the Tariff Board in order to enable both the Government and the public to satisfy themselves that the consumer did not pay a higher price than was justified. Tariff Boards in Australia and Canada he pointed out, performed similar functions of price investigation which was allied to the work of the tariff enquiry. He emphasised the complexity of the task in view of the present conditions, wherein prices were far from being stable, especially because conditions in the textile industry were diverse and the range of production varied.

Mr. Mehta pointed out the need for some kind of standard costing in the textile industry which was essential for tariff protection, price fixation and labour enquiries. It was also not easy to determine fair prices of the product of an industry which was not going to be subject to control and regulation and in which there were wide fluctuations in regard to cost of raw materials.

The Chairman held that the inquiry into prices of cloth was being conducted in order to provide, if possible, a "yardstick" for measurement of costs and an analysis of the various factors which entered into the total cost of production of yarn and cloth.

"We have to approach this task in the faith that there is a future worth working for if only all concerned will work together in the right way," he declared.

MILLOWNERS' VIEW

Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai of the Millowners Association, Ahmedabad, told the Board, in the course of the discussions that followed, that the present cloth prices were "assured" and were not to the mill-owners liking. They were the result of supply and demand which made the whole issue very complex. If left to themselves he was certain the millowners would decide on lesser rates, since they felt the present ones were harmful both to the producers and the consumers equally.

Mr. Arjunnaraj M. D. Thackersey (Bombay Millowners Association) believed that the establishment of more mills in the country might solve the problem.

Forty representatives of millowners associations in the provinces attended the conference which will continue its deliberations till Saturday, after which the Tariff Board will make its report to the Government of India.

Among those present were Sjt. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Sjt. Ramanlal Lallubhai and Sjt. Madan Mohan Mangaldas representing the Ahmedabad Millowners Association, Sjt. Krishnaraj M. D. Thackersey and Mr. Neville N. Wadia representing the Bombay Millowners Association, Sjt. M. L. Shah representing the Bengal Millowners' Association and Mr. Mangurram Jaipuria representing the Upper India Chamber of Commerce.

Dr. B. L. Dey and Dr. B. V. Narayanaswami Naidu, Members of the Board, and Mr. T. P. Bacot, Tariff Commissioner, were present.

U. S. Coloured People Win A Right

WASHINGTON, May 3 (Reuter):—The United States Supreme Court ruled today that Restrictive Real Estate Agreements which bar coloured persons from all-white neighbourhoods cannot be enforced by State or Federal Courts.

Chief Justice Fred Vinson wrote two opinions upholding in full the rights of coloured property owners, one dealing with State Court actions and the other with Federal Court cases. Five other Justices joined with Mr. Vinson.

The six Justices at the same time refused to declare that such restrictive agreements are themselves invalid.

Mr. Vinson wrote that so long as the agreements are voluntarily adhered to without enforcement assistance by Federal or State Courts, they violate no law.

Of the amendment in the American Constitution barring discrimination against any person because of colour, Mr. Vinson wrote: "Whatever else the framers sought to achieve it is clear that the matter of primary concern was the establishment of equality in the enjoyment of basic civil and political rights and the preservation of those rights from discriminatory action on the part of the State based on consideration of race or colour."

The decisions were given on appeals filed on behalf of coloured families in Saint Louis, Detroit and Washington, barred by court injunctions from living in houses which they purchased in white neighbourhoods.

World's Cardinals To Attend Consistory

VATICAN CITY, May 3 (Reuter):—The Pope has invited all the world's cardinals to attend a Consistory, Supreme Council of the Catholic Church, at the end of May or early in June, according to reliable Vatican circles today.

The Consistory will formally nominate all those Bishops who have been appointed since the last Consistory of February, 1946.

The Pope, it is believed, will take the opportunity to nominate new cardinals to bring the sacred college to full strength. The college has ten vacancies at present.

FURTHER LIQUIDATION IN SHARE BAZAR

Cotton Market Rules Quiet On Moderate Selling

BULLION PRICES DECLINE AFTER EARLY FIRMNESS

Bombay, May 4

The Stock Exchange opened to-day with an easy tendency due to liquidation by bull operators. The reported intention of the Government of India to control cloth prices and the disappointing action of the market due to inherent lack of confidence in the general outlook induced some of the bulls to lighten their commitments. The market after declining during the first half hour moved narrowly during the rest of the session.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1607 1/2, and after declining to Rs. 1590 hovered around Rs. 1600. Tata Ordinary oscillated between Rs. 321 and Rs. 323

Textiles were shaky with scattered of losses. Bombay Dyeing after opening at Rs. 1110 rose to Rs. 1115, but thereafter due to lack of bull support declined to Rs. 1102 1/2 and ultimately steadied around its opening level. Kohinoor opened at Rs. 649, and after reaching Rs 651 level dropped again at Rs. 646. Nagpur, Simplex and Swadeshi were steady around Rs. 333, Rs. 240 and Rs. 640 respectively. The miscellaneous section was quiet with Scindia quoting around Rs. 27/10.

The Security market was steady with 3 per cent Government 1986 Conversion Loan changing hands at Rs. 99/1.

Later on the market was quietly steady. Tata Steel Defd shares after improving at Rs. 1610 quietened at Rs. 1600. Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 323. Bombay Dyeings after improving at Rs. 1118 declined at Rs. 1105. Kohinoors were done at Rs. 648 and Swadeshi shares stood at Rs. 650/1. Associated Cements steadied at Rs. 170/8 and Bellapurs changed hands at Rs. 344. Constructions were quoted at Rs. 215 and Scindia shares were placed at Rs 27/10. Closing tone of the market was quiet.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1107/8 Kohinoor 647 Swadeshi 650 Nagpur 333 Simplex 241 New Great 185 Gokak X.D. 330 Indore 551/4 Century 515 Colaba X.R. 225 Bleaching 167 Swan 370 Finlay 352 Morarji 525 Edward 645 Meyer 171/4 Apollo 4/1 I.U. Ordinary 15/7 I. U. Defd. 2/12 Madhusudan 250 Poddar 196/4 Khatau 277.8.

STEELS

Tata Steel Ord. 323 Tata Steel Defd. 1597/8 Second 136/4.

CEMENTS

Associated Merger 170/8.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 427/8 Belapur 343/8 Shivrajpur 35/8 Scindia 27/11 Construction 215 Tata Chemical 15/13 Tata Oil 54/8 Indian Iron 28/14 Bengal 23/10.

ELECTRICS

Tata Hydro 153 Andhra X.D. 1375 Tata Power 1482/8.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 91 Phoenix 457.8 Ind. Mfg. 4185 Koorla 300 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 210 Minerva 210/10 Bradbury 699 Bharucha (Defd.) 4/2 Bharat 145 Mysore 230/10 Madhavji 19.6 Model 195 Laxmi 810 Vishnu 311.4 Western 4060 Standard 520 Sholapur 5950 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4300 Tata 77 8 Ahmedabad Advance 275 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 16 Madhusudan B. 47 Shrinivas 237/8 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 225 Simplex Cpn. 115.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 115 New 116.4 Surat 143/12 Karachi 118/12 Broach 10/6 Ajmer 10.8 Amalgamated 15.8 Nagpur 53/8 Poona 153 2 Bombay Suburban 150 Bombay Suburban New 131/4

BANK SHARES

Reserve 111/8 Imperial 2002 8 P.P. 492/8 Central 85/12 New 85 India 254 Union 9/8 Baroda 151-8 Habib 152 Dena Bank 54 United Commercial 62 Jaipur 51 Hindustan Com. 34 Mysore 36s Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 5400 Empire 785 New India 69 Jupiter 26/8 Vulcan 13/10 Indian Mercantile 47 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 22/12 Prud. 29 Neptune 7 New Great 25 All-India General 21.

RAILWAYS

C.P. 109 Mymensing 100 Guaranteed 100 Pachora 107.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 332.8 Steamer 537/8 Burma New 14/1/9 B.B Petrol 2/9 Mackenzie 85 Port Canning 70 Kemp 480 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust X.D. 99 Wimco 316/4 Dharamsey Chemical 36/8 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 19/4 Alembic 260 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 108 Bombay Uganda 74. Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 31/4 Walchand Nagar Industries 215 United Motor 74 A. C. C. New 107 Bombay Safe Deposit 910 Hydri Construction 16 Mahmad Steam 100/8 Gujerat Motor 25/2 Sardar Carbolic 750 Harvey Press

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, May 4.

MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance 272/8 73/12
Apollo 4/1 4/0/6 4/1
Bharat 45
B. Dyeing 1110 15 2/8 18/12 7/8
C. India 333 34 32 35 33
C. India (Pref.) 627/8
Century 515 20 15
Colaba 225
E. Textiles 645 (3-5-48)
Finlay 349 52
Gokak 330 29 33 30
I. U. (Defd.) 2/12 2/12/6 2/12
I. U. (Ord.) 15/7/6 15/9 15/7
Indore 545 55 51/4
Kohinoor 649 51 46 54 50 56 47
Morarji 526
Mysore 230/10
New City 210
New Great 184 86
Phoenix 467/8
Podar 197/8 95 96/4
Minerva 210/10
Simplex 241 40 44 42 48 41
Swadeshi 648 54 50

BANKS.

Baroda 151/8
Central 85 85/12
Imperial (Old) 2010 2000 2/8
Imperial (New) 492/8 91/4 92/8
India 254
Reserve 112 11/8
Union 9/9 9/11 9/8
U. Commercial 63

INSURANCE.

Ahmedabad 116/4 14/6 15
Andhra Valley 1377/8 75
Ajmer 10/8
Power 1480 85 80 82/8
Power (Pref.) 1315
Jupiter 26/8
Scindia 27/8 27/11 27/10 27/11

STEEL.

B. Steel 24/2 23/14
I. Iron 28/14 29 28/12 28/14
Tata (Defd.) 1607/8 11/4 1590 1607/8 1595 1610 1597/8
Tata (Ord.) 324 21 25 22/8 25 23
Tata (II Pref.) 136/4 36/8 36/4

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. C. C. (Old) 171/4 70/8
A. C. C. (New) 107/12 6/8 7
Belapur 342 44 43/8
B. B. (Old) 427/8 25 28/12 27/8
B. B. (New) 148/12
B. B. Petrol 2/9
Port Canning 70
P. Const. 217 11/8 16 15
Tata Chem. 15/15 16/1 15/14
Tata Oil 56 54/8
Walchandnagar 215
Wimco 216/4

SPECIAL.

Central Bank (New) 84/4

310 Estrella Bat. 51 Prince of Wales 625. Manmad Press 120.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 185 Andhra Valley 1187/8 Tata Power 1315 Hydro 123/12 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 627/8 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 850 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 222.8 Poddar 115 Shriniwas 98 Elphinston 120 Bradbury 385 Surat Elec 130 Premier Construction 1st 126/4 Second 125/10 Amalgamated 123/8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 123/12 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupitar 19/14 Supreme 120 Mayer 121/4 Mackenji 1st 127/8 Second 125, Ahmadabad Advance 160 Mysore Mill 50 Standard 101 Madhusudan 112 Andhra 1952 (4½) 102/12 Bombay Steamer 1959 (4½) 104/8 Indian Hune Pipe (6) 111, Tata Power 1951 103 Walchandnagar (6) 117.

OUTSIDERS

Indian Copper 2.9, B.I.C. 8/11 Burma Corporation 3/0/9 New Victoria Mill 5 New Victoria Mill Pref. 6/2 Phalton 129 Gold Mahor 325 New Kaiser-I-Hind 375 Sajjan Mill 250 "Osmanshahi 230 Ajamshahi 230 Air Service 11 Ambica 17 Air India 162/8 Hind Motor 6.8 India Steam 12/5.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, May 4.

Tata Ordinary 323; Tata Deferred 1597/8; Indian Iron 28/14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 23/14; Bombay Dyeing 1107/8 Central India 333/2; Gokak 330; Kohinoor 646/14; Simplex 241; Swadeshi 650; Tata Power 1482/8; Associated Cement 170/8; Belapur 343/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 427/8; Scindia 27/11; Central Bank 85/10; New India 68/12; Tata 2nd Pref. 136/4.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, May 4.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p c. 1954	98	10	0
2-1/2 p c. 1950	101	1	0
2-1/2 p.c.	96	13	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	100	3	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99	13	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	99	10	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99	8	0
3 p.c. non-Terminable..	99	0	0
3 p.c. 1966 Con.	99	2	0
3 p.c. 1949-52	101	8	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	1	0
3 p.c. 1953-66	102	6	0
3 p.c. 1957	101	12	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	101	6	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101	6	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	99	9	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1954-59	105	0	0
4 p.c. 1945-52	101	10	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	111	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	105	0	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	113	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	116	0	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS.

4-3/4 p.c. U P 1961	98	0	0
2-3/4 p.c Madras 1961	98	0	0
3 p.c Bombay 1955	101	8	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	101	6	0
4 p.c. Punjab 1940	98	14	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	98	14	0
3 p.c U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. N.-W. F 1952	99	10	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1961-66	100	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1959	116	0	0
6 p.c. Municipality 1954	118	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	100	10	0
6 p.c K. P. T.	110	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 4

The local cotton market opened steady but prices declined under renewed liquidation. Thereafter there was moderate support and most of the lost ground was recovered. It appears that speculative holdings in May delivery are now well liquidated and the market seems to watch further developments.

At the opening July was quoted at Rs. 693 and declined at Rs. 685 under moderate selling. At this level there was active buying and July advanced at Rs. 697 and steadied at Rs. 695. May delivery also after declining at Rs. 658 rallied at Rs. 667

Thereafter there was absence of buying and under scattered realising July declined at Rs. 691. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. May	Rs.	664	0 0
I.C.C. July		690	8 0
I.C.C. September		698	8 0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY May 3.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
May	688	667	667
July	712	691	693
Sept.	718	698	702

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton July Contract is 692 cent points below New York July at Exchange rate 331

COTTON TENDERS.

On Monday 6,900 Bales were tendered against May Contract making a total so far of 18,650 Bales.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 4.

The Produce market was steady today with improved buying. There was buying by Nizam operators in castorseeds. May castorseeds opened at Rs. 134/2 and advanced at Rs. 137 while September opened at Rs. 143/4 and advanced at Rs. 144/12. Groundnuts April/May delivery were quoted at Rs. 32/15 and June/July stood at Rs. 32/12. Linseed was also steady with April/May quoted at Rs. 26/13 Quotations were as under:—

Khandesh quality	Rs.	34	4 0
Coromandal ready		33	12 0
Bold ready		33	4 0
April-May		32	15 0
June-July		32	12 0
CASTORSEEDS:—			
Ready		31	4 0
May delivery		137	1 0
September		144	9 0
LINSEEDS:—			
Ready		26	12 0
April-May		26	13 0
July		26	15 0
OILS:—			
Groundnut ready		18	0 0
Groundnut May		18	0 0
Groundnut June-July		18	5 0
Linseed Oil		18	7 0
Castorseed First Pressing		19	10 0
Castorseed Commercial quality		17	14 0

Italian Art-Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, May 4.

120 D. Ready	11	12	0
150 D. Ready	11	4	0
150 D. May	9	14	0
150 D. June	8	14	0
20/22 Yellow Silk	26	0	0

Sugar Market

BOMBAY, May 4.

Usual Quality	106	0	0
Raja	110	8	0
Buland	117	0	0
August	37	0	0
May	37	12	0
Receipts Bags		1430	

Pepper Prices

BOMBAY, May 4.

Vaishakh dely 668 to 871
Jeth dely. 881 to 884

HESSIAN MARKET

BOMBAY, May 4.

	Pics.
45X11.	
Ready	112-1/2
April-June	112
July-Sept.	110
D. W. 40X28.	
Ready	114 0 0
April-June	112 0 0
July-Sept.	107 0 0

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, May 4

The Bullion market was quietly steady to-day with routine business. Professional operators were nowhere about and price movement was confined to a narrow range.

Forward Silver opened at Rs 176/3 and declined at Rs. 176/4 under scattered selling. At this level there appeared moderate short covering and the market advanced at Rs. 177. Thereafter there was scattered selling and the market steadied at Rs 176 14 Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 176/12 Forward Gold opened at Rs. 117 and declined at Rs. 116/12 but later firmed up at Rs. 117/2. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 117-2 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74-4

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	176	8	0
Forward Silver	176	8	0
Ready Gold	117	4	0
Forward Gold	117	6	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, May 4

B C Rates I I D D 1/6 15/16 Ready
B C Rates I I D D 1/6 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling I I D D 1/6 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling I I D D 1/6 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying I I 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying I I 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rates I I Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying I I Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling I T Fcs. 6450
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling I T L D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T I D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T L D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 /4
Manila Bank Selling T T D D Rs. 165-1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Do. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43
London Alexandria Cha [illegible] 4-8 4
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl 40
London Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/4 1/16
London Iran Rl 128-130
London Java Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbone Es 99.80-100.22
London Manila Pes 8.10-15
London Montreal Dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 4
London New York Dol 4.02 3/4 4.03 1/4
[illegible] 19.95 20.02
London Paris Fcs. 863.40-864.60
London Prague K 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Fcs 17.34-36
London Syria 880-5
London Discts 3 Mos 9/16 per cent
London Discts 6 Mos 5/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent. 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy

Chicago Grains Irregular

CHICAGO, May 3, (U. P. A.): Grain prices see-sawed irregularly in quiet trading today. Fears of railroad strike with resultant interruption in contract deliveries proved a steadying influence along with hedge lifting against flour sales to India and the U. S. Government.

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, May 3.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

LONDON BULLION.

London, May 3.

London Silver Spot and Forward 45 d. Gold £8/12/3.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 3.

T. T. London on:—

New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325 Montreal Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325, Zurich Selling 17.35, Buying 17.36 Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, May 3

May 2.42-3/4 to 2.43.
July 2.30-1/4 to 2.30-1/2.
September 2.29-1/2.
December 2.29-1/2

MADRAS MARKET

MADRAS, May 4, (A.P.I.): Trading was of a mixed character on the local market with textiles and teas showing firmness. Banks and miscellaneous were easy. Amongst mills Lakshmi and Ranga Vilas were fair and in the tea group O.V.S. were in good demand with sellers scarce.

The market closed steady.

Following are the rates:—Sugars and Breweries: Deccan 19 12, Mysores 50 12, Plantings Balmadies 1/6, Blue Mountain 3. 2/6. Chembras 5 6, Cochin Malabar 6/6 Devashola 18, Highland Produce 29 12, Midlands 6/6, Ouchterlony 7/8, Ex-div. Periakaramalai 25 12, Pullangodes 1/7, Puthuthottams 2/8, Rajagiri 3 9, Sheveroys 1/6/6, Thirubadi 2/3/6, Vaikundam 6 9 Waterfalls 2/13. Bang Woolen 250 Buckinghams 332 Combodias 11/12, Janardhanas 46/4, Lakshmi 93/12, Maduras 43, Metturs 326/4, Mysore Spun 10/6, Radhakrishans 153, Rajalakshmis 6 per cent cd. 64, Ranga Vilas 50 4. Trac. Rayons 4/15, Trichinopolys xd. 12/4. Miscellaneous Andhra Cements 66/12 Facts 6/8, India Cements 12/14, Mysore Chem. Ferts 11 12. Papers 13/14.

Worth Street Experiences Weekly Lull

NEW YORK, May 3, (U. P. A.): Cotton goods merchants on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth market today reported the usual weekly lull in activity as mills were again checking over sales, stocks and production schedules.

The recent decline of seven dollars per bale in the price of raw cotton put a damper on talk of higher gray goods prices although the threat of another wage demand among southern mill workers was still being considered as a possible price lifting influence.

Meanwhile, other business was of a routine nature as converters were slow to book new commitments owing to consumer resistance.

SHARP DROP IN N. Y. COTTON PRICES

Unconfirmed Rumours Of Cancellation Of Sales To China

NEW YORK, May 3, (U. P. A.): Cotton took a lower turn today despite mid-session attempts towards a rally when investment buying on technical reasons and a flurry of trade and mill buying appeared. The bullish sentiment was strained over the delay in getting the export buying programme under way. Recent buyers, fearful that the demand for overseas may be postponed until the new crop becomes available resulting in lower prices, have decided to liquidate until the situation can be re-appraised. Unconfirmed rumours that some recent sales to China have been cancelled and prolonged delay in getting the final and absolute approval of the 60,000,000 dollar Japanese cotton credit has greatly toned down the recent bullish enthusiasm in old crop months. The feeling is that export buying, even if foreign consumers would take cotton, cannot get under way until has made the necessary appropriations. A leading spot firm was the leading seller of May delivery, supposedly to liquidate part of their long holdings here against purchases in the New Orleans market.

GENERAL SELLING.

Today's session opened 25 lower to four points higher. Prices attempted to gain momentum when a private market advisory service again urged its clients to stay long of July and October but the failure of trade, mill and spot house as well as exporter buying to develop on any worthwhile scale brought a resumption of Wall Street, New Orleans and local professional selling. May contracts dipped to 36.70 cents before the decline was halted, to show a loss of more than $11.00 per bale from the season's high made on April 22nd. The final prices were up slightly from the lows, but still 10 to 81 lower. The decline over the past few days has brought a decided change in the bull estimate and unless export buying develops on a large scale, the market is apt to run into more resistance on any technical rallies.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 3

May	36.81—81	
July	36.10—80	
October	32.50—90	
December	31.91—12	
March	31.60—10	
Middling Spot	37.51—87	

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 3

May	36.71
July	36.18
October	32.48
December	31.85
Middling Spot	36.55—75

Wall Street Market Firm

NEW YORK, May 3.

STOCKS: Fluctuated narrowly in fair dealings due to labour and Palestine uncertainties. Gains were in slight advantage including numerous oils, steels, minings, rubbers and motors. Automotive producers are still complaining of the supply situation and are facing strike threats. The averages were industrials 180.71 and rails 58.66 Rails reached a new high for 1948 and, with better interest in most other sections helped the market with gains mostly on fractions to one dollar or more. Chances of a settlement of the rail wage dispute were considered good and the recent third interim freight-rate increases bolstered the revenue outlook. Oils were featured by buy-mouth on with buyers noting that drilling is underway at new explorations in West Texas permian basin and one already indicates possible commercial production and perhaps new discovery. The best levels of the day were seen with fairly well distributed advances upto nearly two dollars. The session closed firm

Peruvian Cotton Crop Estimate

WASHINGTON, May 3, (U. P. A.): The Agricultural Department in a weekly foreign crop survey today said that Peru's 1947-48 cotton crop probably would be about 315,000 bales of 500 lbs. each compared with last year's estimated production of 296,000.

The announcement said that Peru's acreage in the current crop year is 334,000, somewhat above last season's 309,000 acres The Department said that Peru had virtually no stocks on hand at present since more than 99 per cent of the 1946-47 crop had been sold during 1947. The heavy export movement resulted in a reduction of stocks in all Peruvian ports to only 29,000 bales as of March 12.

During 1947, most of the Peruvian exports went into the U. K. which took almost 49,000 bales. Colombia received 36,200 bales from Peru in 1947; Chile, 32,800; the U. S. 24,400; Belgium and Luxembourg, 19,300 and the Netherlands 18,200. The remainder in smaller quantities was distributed among Germany, Italy, France, Sweden, Japan, India, Argentina, Ecuador and Venesuela.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, May 3.

Abbot Laboratories	75 1/4
Allied Chemical	187 1/4
American Can	87 1/2
American Telephone	153 1/2
American Tobacco	58
Bankers Trust	36 3/8
Bethlehem Steel	34 3/4
Boeing Aircraft	27 1/2
Canadian Pacific	15
Celanese	27 7/8
Chase National Bank	35 1/2
Chrysler	58 3/4
Consolidated Edison	23 3/8
Douglas Aircraft	66 1/4
Dupont	174 3/4
Eastern Kodak	43 5/8
General Electric	34 7/8
General Motors	56 3/8
Gillette	35 5/8
Goodyear	43 1/4
International Nickel	29 3/8
International Tel. & Tel.	12 3/4
Lockheed	21 1/2
Nash Kelvinator	16 1/4
National City Bank	40 1/2
New York Central	16 1/4
Pennsylvania Railway	19 1/4
Shell Oil	40 1/4
Southern Pacific	55 1/4
Standard Oil of N. J.	79 1/2
Studebaker	23 1/4
Swift & Co.	33
Technicolour	13 7/8
Twentieth Century Fox	23 5/8
U. S. Steel	76
Warner Brothers	12 1/2
Westinghouse Electric	28 7/8

Stock sales totalled 1,150,000 shares. Curb sales amounted to 260,000 shares. The turnover in bonds came to 3,435,000 dollars.

Dow Jones average closing included: Industrials, 181.09; Rails, 59 08; Utilities. 34.16 and Bonds, 99.94.

Wool Tops Close Steady

NEW ORK, May 3, (U. P. A.): Wool tops closed steady, 10 to 18 higher.

May 183—186.6.
July 183.5—185.
October 184—184.5.
December 183.5—184.5.
March 182—183.
May 182—183.5.
July 180.5—182.5.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, May 4

S.S. BARJORA

From Bushire:—323 bags roots.
From Muscat:—357 bags sardines.
From Karachi:—2591 bales raw cotton. 1110 bags dry fish.

S.S SONAVATI

From Karachi:—1024 bags juwar. 1073 bales cotton raw.

M. V. HERMUND

From Lisbon:—1225 cases cork board.
From Genoa:—259 bales yellow raw silk, 193 drums aniline dyes, 95 bales art silk yarn.

S.S. YORBALIND

From Abadan:—6752 tons diesel oil. 3615 tons furnace oil.

S.S. ALAVI

From Karachi:—4200 bags sran karkanchi salt, 11800 bags gran crushed salt, 8368 bales cotton raw, 11200 bags cement, 50 crates refrigetors. 700 bags goowar, 837 bags dry fruits.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

—S.S. HOUGH SILVER LIGHT—

To Sydney:— 11 bales cotton piecegoods— N. S. Framji (India).
To Melbourne:— 48 bales cotton piecegoods N S. Framji (India)

—S.S. BAMORA—

To Karachi:— 200 baskets betelleaves— N. B. Kakad 400 cases mangoes— H. A. Hai and Sons.

—S.S. CITY OF LITCH FIELD—

To Montreal:— 40 bales raw wool— H. B. Chawada and Sons.

—S.S. CITY OF DELHI—

To Liverpool:— 5836 bags groundnut seed— India Produce Co. Ltd.

—S.S. AMRA—

To Momasa:— 5 bags Soowa seeds G. Shantilal and Co. 106 bags glass bottles —U. M. Patil 28 bales cotton piecegoods —V. Panchand Co.

To Seychelles:— 80 drums palm J & Nicholson.

To Beira.— 70 bales cotton waste blankets— Patel and Co.

—S.S. DURANDA—

To London.— 357 drums castor oil Louis Dreyfus and Co Ltd 40 bdls stag horn— F. H. Kassambeal. 128 bags turnips B. Ram Singh 47 bags drugun D. Dhoundaas

—S.S. VANDERWAALS—

To Copenhagen:— 27 drums castor oil —M. Bhula and Co.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS:

VANDERWAALS arrived from Amsterdam. on May 3, with 200 tons of general cargo (Volkart).

NALLSAMOOR arrived from Abadan on May 4, with 7844 tons of bitumer M.M.)

SAILINGS

UNOSA sailed for an unknown port, on May 3, in ballast.

AKBAR sailed for Karachi, on May 5 with 21 passengers on saloon and 1987 on deck.

PRESIDENT FILLMORE sailed for New York on May 3, with 4175 tons of general cargo.

CILICIA sailed for Liverpool, on May 3, with 5300 tons of general cargo.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON May 3

	£
Consols 2-1/2 pc	70-1/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	104
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	103-1/4
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	111-5/8
Victory Bonds 4 pc	112-5/8
Funding Loan 3 pc	100-5/8
German 7 pc Reconstruction Loan	9
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	13-5/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	19-1/8
Lloyds Bank "A" Shares	62/9
Mercantile Bank of India	22-3/4
National Bank of India	35-1/4
British Burma Petroleum Ordy	7-1/2
Burma Oil Co.	67/6
Indian Iron and Steel Ordy.	45
Indian Copper Corporation	4/3
Burmah Corporation	6/9
Attock Oil	20
Barnagore Jute Factory	21 nom.
Japanese Bonds 5 p c 1907	30-1/2
Imperial Chemical Industries	69/9
Dunlop Rubber Co.	73/6
Assam Tea Co.	22/9
Doors Tea Co	40
Nundy Droog Mines	15
War Loan 3 pc 1955 59	103-7/8

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, May 4

Coiryaran Beypore 140/150; Quilandy 145/155. Fibre Garbled 110; Ungarbled 100, Coconuts Raw 110; Dry 150; Coconutoil 410; Copra Office 370. Dalpasand 275 Madras nottam 300; Pepper Wynaad 970; Country 960; Dryginger Chernad 315; Ernad 300; Coffee Robusta 145; Timber Pali 40/45, Junglewood 27/30 Vellapine 32 40, Benteak 35/40; Teak 100/110; Mango 3/3 8. Teak 12/14 Rosewood 17

Karachi Markets

KARACHI, May 3

Cotton Roller Types Sind NT 82/-; Punjab 289 - F 101/-; Lbs 76/-; Pouri 65/-, May Delivery 61/-; Steadily hold with fair demand. Business 2700. Principally Of 289/-; F and Lbs Arrivals 4106 Exports 2007 of which 1400; for Bombay Cottonseeds NT 6 12; Desi 7/8; Hold Steadily Copras 50/8; Steady Gold Tajabi 112/8. Sovereigns 74/8 Silver Coins 128 8; quiet but Steadier for Gold

Tata Iron And Steel Production

Messrs. Tata Industries Ltd., Managing Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., report that the total approximate production of Iron and Steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of April 1948 was:—

	Tons.
Pig Iron	74,400
Steel Ingots	74,000
FINISHED STEEL:	
Semis for sale	12,000
Finished	43,600
Total ...	55,600

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 4th May. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,69,00,000 Tenders at Rs. 99-14-0 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-0 allotted approximately 59%. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00 000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-8-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs One crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 11th May up to 11 a.m. at Bombay, and up to the close of business on Monday the 10th May, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 14th May.

During the week ended the 30th April Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 47,50,000 were sold in favour of the issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

Market ruled quiet. Fluctuations being narrow general trend seems encouraging and though in a rising market bears attempt to hammer the prices offerings are well absorbed. Professional operators are bullish in textiles while ordinary traders better prefer steels in declines Market closed quiet.

Calico opened 1339 highest 1365, lowest 1354, closed 1355.

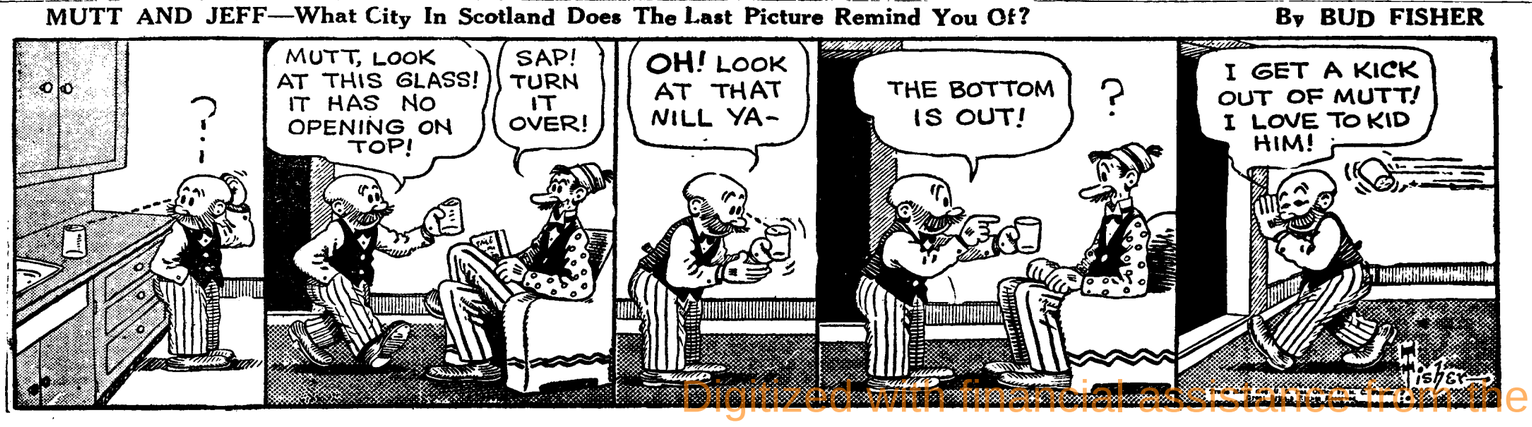
Ambika opened 428, highest 431, lowest 428, closed 428.

Arvind opened 1732, highest 1742, lowest 1728, closed 1730.

Deferred opened 1615 highest 1618, lowest and closed 1607

Closing quotations: Arvind 1730, Ambika 428, Calico 1355, Jupiter 427, Marsden 201, Monogram 185, Deferred 1607, Bharat Suryodaya, 166/4/8, Shobhok 1500, New Shorrok 1750, Rohit 465, Aryodayaginning 633/8/8, Bharat 348.

MUTT AND JEFF—What City In Scotland Does The Last Picture Remind You Of? By BUD FISHER


?
MUTT, LOOK AT THIS GLASS! IT HAS NO OPENING ON TOP!
SAP! TURN IT OVER!
OH! LOOK AT THAT NILL YA-
THE BOTTOM IS OUT!
?
I GET A KICK OUT OF MUTT! I LOVE TO KID HIM!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Suitable Match for two Sunni Muslim virgin girls, ages 18 and 19, healthy, beautiful, college education and belonging to very respectable rich U.P. Muslim family. Correspondence strictly confidential Box No. 8693 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Well Established match for a beautiful Punjabee Hindu **girl** Respectable Family — Hindi **graduate**, age Nineteen. No Dowry **and** caste restriction. Apply with Photograph to Box No. 8697 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted influential Lady Secretary honorary or paid for a Running Indian Music Dance Circuit, Bombay City. Please write to Box No. 8664 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for the Schools of the Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat, male and lady graduates with English, Gujarati, Sanskrit, History, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry and undergraduates and T.D.'s (Bombay) strong in Arithmetic. Preference will be given to those with B.T. or P.T. (Kandiwall) or Hindustani Qualifications. The scale for graduate is 60-5-120 E.B.-6-180 and for Non-graduate is 40-3-80 E.B.-4-125 plus D.A. at the Government rate. Applications in the prescribed printed form to be had on sending 0-0-9 postal stamps, should reach the Secretary, Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat, before 20th May, 1948. 8393

M.T.B. College, Surat:- Applications stating age, experience and qualifications are invited for teaching posts in English (for the first term only in a leave vacancy), Philosophy, Mathematics and History-Economics and also for the posts of Demonstrators in Physics, Chemistry and Biology. Salary and Designation according to qualifications. Scales:- Professors-Rs. 200-10-350, Lecturers-Rs. 130-10-200, Demonstrators-Rs. 80-5-125. D.A. extra. Applications with testimonials to reach the Principal by 15th May. (8239)

Wanted immediately a Gujrati knowing experienced Typist for a wellknown Hardware Factory in Bombay, one conversant with Office routine work and Correspondence preferred—Apply Box No. 8680 "Bombay Chronicle"

Applications are invited from smart, youngmen, preferably Graduates with previous sales experience, for a big industrial concern Apply Box No. 8358 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced Linotype Operators for a leading Daily Newspaper. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 3030 "Bombay Chronicle.'

Wanted Assistant Carding & Spinning Master for a Fine Count Mill in Bombay. Persons technically qualified and having combing experience preferred. Apply Box No. 8359 "Bombay Chronicle".

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply for "Terms" (stating qualifications and desires) to Roberts & Co., Employment Agents, Subathu (Simla Hills). 8503

BOARDING AND LODGING.

Wanted vegetarian boarders for a lodging and boarding house at Jogeshwari Call on Jogeshwari Caves Lodging and Boarding House "Opp. Jogeshwari caves, Jogeshwari". (8694)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post. D. Com. courses, American Correspondence College (B.C.), Delhi. (8698A)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Free ! Free ! Free ! — Saumasi Vanaspati cures Diabetes completely. Twenty-one days full treatment given, absolutely free. Apply Box No. 8684 "Bombay Chronicle".

God's Gift Medicine for Asthma Rs. 1/5/- including V P. charges. Menaka Debi. 19. S N Banerji Rd., Calcutta 5462B

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Selling Agents in each City for our Soaps. Apply to Saraswati Vegetable Oil Mills, Limited, 423. Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 8651

AGENCIES WANTED

Pen Pals and Agencies wanted leaving shortly for Natal, South Africa, Interested in any subject business as personal choice. Reply Assured Write to Dr. C. I. Jamal, Salot Street, P. O. Vankaner, Kathiawar. (8696)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Enquire for H. S. Drills Strt. and Taper—Bhutoria Bros., Ltd., 39, **Netaji** Subhas Road, Calcutta. 8439

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Chewing Gum—Chewing Gum—A limited quantity only of American Dentyne Chewing Gum is available. Book your orders now to avoid disappointment. No further importation will be allowed. Price Rs. 200/- per case F.O.R. Calcutta. Advance 25 p.c. cash with order. A. Gujadhar, Esq., 8, Lord Sinha **Road, Calcutta.** 8300

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of spirituous and non-spirituous drugs etc., for the year 1948-49, so as to reach the undersigned on or before 4-0 P.M. on Friday the 21st May, 1948.

Copies of the specifications can be had from the office of the Health Officer or from the office of the Local Self Government Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 3/- for a specification of spirituous drugs and Rs. 5/- for that of non-spirituous drugs.

Preference will be given to drugs manufactured in India.

(Sd.) C. B. DALAL,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad,
Dated 29-4-1948.

8400

B. B. & C. I. RLY.

TENDER NOTICE NO. A-7-3T

TENDERS ARE INVITED on the prescribed form S. 52F/R.1 obtainable from the office of the President, Railway Grainshop Committee and Loco Works Superintendent, Dohad, on application for sale of the following: —

	Approximate Quantity.
1. Second hand empty grains and sugar bags mixed.	10,000 Nos.
(ii) Torn and soiled bags.	1,200 ,,
2. Empty wooden cases whole serviceable.	400 ,,
3. Cases broken or planks of cases.	200 ,,

Tenders returnable at 11-30 a.m. (S.T.) on 10th Day, May, '48.

PRESIDENT,
Rly. Grainshop Committee
Dohad.

8399

INDIAN RESEARCH FUND ASSOCIATION

APPLICATIONS invited for the post of Assistant Research Officer on the Nutrition Research Unit at the Seth G. S. Medical College, Bombay under Dr. R. G. Chitre at the Seth G. S. Medical College, Bombay on a pay of Rs. 275/- p.m. in the scale Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-590 plus usual dearness, compensatory and house-rent allowances.

Minimum qualifications: M.Sc. in Organic or Biochemistry. The candidate must have at least three years' research experience in the field of Biochemistry and/or Nutrition.

Post temporary renewable yearly subject sanction of the Governing Body of Association. Probation 6 months. Service terminable one month's notice either side. No pension or gratuity allowed but benefits of Provident Fund permissible subject to rules. Private practice or free quarters or compensation in lieu thereof not allowed. Leave as for temporary Government servants under Revised Leave Rules, 1933. Travelling allowance under Supplementary Rules, as amended from time to time. Selected candidates may be required for interview at Seth G. S. Medical College, Parel, Bombay. Travelling allowance will not be allowed for journey for interview or joining first appointment.

All applications should be made on the prescribed forms which can be obtained from Dr. R. P. Koppikar, Dean, Seth G. S. Medical College, Bombay. Completed application forms should be submitted so as to reach the Dean, Seth G. S. Medical College, Bombay not later than the 16th June 1948.

8385

TENDER NOTICE

No. P.M.—1|163|CW

THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER invites tenders to reach his office at Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on or before 31-5-1948 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office (section AD-V-Cash) at Rs. 10|- (not refundable) per set to be paid in Cash or by Money Order, or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter) for

(i) COTTON WASTE COLOURED
(ii) COTTON WASTE WHITE TEASED
(iii) COTTON WASTE FOR PACKING AXLE BOXES:—
  (a) COP BOTTOMS (Mule)
  (b) REELING WASTE WHITE UNTEASED.

2. Applicants not already on approved list of the Office of the Textile Commissioner, must give their Banker's reference with the application for a Tender form.

3. Tenders are required to be kept open for acceptance upto 1st July, 1948. They will be opened at 11-00 a.m. on the 1st June, 1948.

8388

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

AN ESTABLISHED and reputed Pottery, having a large output of Cups and Saucers, Tea Sets, Bowls, Jars, Fire Bricks, Lime, etc. desires to appoint a Sole Distributor who can invest about three lakhs and guarantee the regular sale of the entire production of about Rs. 1,25,000/- per month.

Interested parties are requested to correspond stating their terms and conditions specially mentioning:

(1) the maximum amount of Cash Deposit to be kept with the Company, (2) the gross per centage of commission on Sales (including Sub-agent's Commission, Canvassing and Advertising Charges, Establishment Expenses Breakage, etc.) and (3) the terms of payment.

Please address your communications to Box No. 8394 "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

DISPOSALS

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY & SUPPLY

THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (Disposals), Bombay, invites tenders for purchase and removal of the following: ex site:—

Item No.	Particulars of Stores	Unit	Quantity	Reserve Price
1.	23716 Tin Standard 10 lb. Olive Green W.M.	No.	25000	Rs. 1,950|-
2.	23717 Tin Standard 10 lb. Olive Green N.M.	No.	130000	Rs. 10,150|-
3.	23718 Tin Standard rectangular 8 lbs. Olive Green W.M.	No.	150000	Rs. 9,400|-
4	23719 Tin Standard rectangular 8 lbs. Olive Green N.M.	No.	80000	Rs. 5,000|-
5	P. V. No. 23716 Tin Standard 10 lb. Olive green wide mouth.	No.	50000	Rs. 3,900|-
6.	P. V. No. 23717 Tin Standard 10 lb. Olive green N.M.	No.	40000	Rs. 3,100|-
7.	P. V. No. 23718. Tin Standard Rectangular 8 lb. Olive green W.M.	No.	20000	Rs. 1,250|-
8.	P. V. No. 23719. Tin Standard Rectangular 8 lbs. Olive green N. M.	No.	10000	Rs. 600|-

Superscribed reference: Tender No. RCS|MMH|34626|66|396.
Location: Central Medical Stores Depot, Sewri, Bombay.
Last date: Due by 4 p.m. on 20-5-48.
Last date of removal of stores: 15-6-1948.

Offers should be submitted on tender (obtainable on payment of Rs 5|- per each set) forms enclosed in double covers the inner to be sealed and superscribed with the above reference, and should remain open for acceptance for 25 days from the date of opening the tender.

Earnest money (refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) at 10% of the value of offers should be deposited in the Reserve Imperial Bank of India or a Government Treasury under head of account "Revenue Deposits" in favour of Regional Commissioner (Disposals) Bombay. Tenders not accompanied by such Treasury Bank receipts will be ignored. CHEQUES will not be accepted.

No guarantee is given of the quantity, quality or suitability of the above stores. Sale will be subject to conditions of contract Form Con. 117. Prices should be quoted for each lot separately.

Form Con. 117 can be seen at this office and permits to view may also be obtained from this office on any working day during office hours 10-17 Hrs.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

8386

SANITARY INSPECTORS' CLASS, POONA.

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

THE NEXT SESSION of the Government of Bombay Sanitary Inspectors' Class will commence on 1st July, 1948 The duration of the course is 5 months. There are 50 vacancies of which 38 are reserved for ex-servicemen. (Ex-servicemen include I.N.A. Personnel. I.N.A. personnel are eligible for the concession granted to ex-servicemen candidates). Ex-servicemen will be granted a scholarship of Rs. 40/- p.m and certain other concessions laid down by Government on condition that they agree to serve Government for 5 years if required.

The minimum qualification for admission to the Class is the Matriculation Examination Certificate, but candidates who are certified by the Assistant Director of Public Health, Central Registration District, Poona, to have sufficient knowledge to understand the lectures will be admitted.

Application stating full name, address, date and place of birth and educational qualification should be sent to the Assistant Director of Public Health, C.R.D., Poona, so as to reach him not later than 20th May 1948.

Ex-servicemen should send their applications through the Manager, Employment Exchange of the Divisions or through the President District Soldiers, Sailors & Airmens' Board of the District.

Age limit—Not less than 18 years and not more than 23 (advanced Class) or 26 (intermediate and Backward class) on 1-7-48.

Selected candidates will receive intimation in due course. No intimation will be given to those who are not selected.

No correspondence will be entered into on this subject.

(8341)

NOTICE

BIRLA BALIKA VIDYAPEETH, PILANI (Jaipur State) is a Residential Institution for girls. It teaches with Hindi medium upto Matriculation of the Rajputana University, has excellent arrangements for teaching of Music, household craft, domestic Science, gardening and physical education. Entire staff consists of experienced ladies. Expenses inclusive of fees, boarding and lodging Rs 35/- per month. Apply to the Lady Principal for a copy of the detailed prospectus.

8381

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD.

JAMSHEDPUR.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Asstt. Superintendent of Works Guards and Public Safety Depts. Tata Iron & Steel Co., Limited, Jamshedpur. in the scale of Rs. 300-20-400/- p.m. Plus usual dearness allowance and Emergency. Bonus.

Applicants must possess sound knowledge of English and Hindi, should be experienced in conducting investigations must have a good physique and personality and be able to conduct parades. Age should not exceed 40. The successful candidate will be on probation for 6 months.

Applications should be submitted to the Asst. Director of Personnel (Employments), The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur, on or before the 15th May, 1948, superscribing on the cover "APPLICATION FOR THE POST OF ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT OF WORKS, GUARD & PUBLIC SAFETY DEPARTMENTS".

8368

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Lawyers not exceeding 40 years of age on 1-7-48 with at least 7, 5 and 2 years experience respectively as Civil Lawyers for the following temporary posts:—

(i) One Litigation Inspector on Rs. 200/- p.m. fixed plus usual allowances
(ii) Four Assistant Litigation Inspectors on Rs. 160/-/- fixed plus usual allowances.

NOTE.—The pay mentioned is provisional and subject to revision on the implementation of the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. For the posts of Inspectors (items i & ii) only Advocates will be eligible.

(iii) One Litigation Clerk grade Rs. 80-5-120-8-160, plus usual allowances.

Applications stating practical experience, age and the last and present place of practice should reach the Chief Administrative Officer, E.P. Railway, Delhi, not later than 15th May, 1948 Preference will be given to displaced Lawyers from Pakistan and relaxation of the age limit may be made in specially deserving cases.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER.

8347

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PRESS NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Fertiliser Factory, Divn. No. I, Sindri, P O. Patherdihi, Distt. Manbhum, invites sealed tenders from the Registered Contractors of the Central P.W.D. for the work "Providing Water Supply & Sewerage Sub-mains to L.M & K-3 type quarters at Sindri" costing approximately Rs. 65,270/- by 12 noon of 17th. May, 1948.

Tender papers condition, etc. can be had from the Office on payment of Rs. 5/- not refundable.

Earnest money required for the work is Rs. 3,264/- either in currency notes or by Bank Draft on the Imperial Bank of India, Dhanbad.

(8396)

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited from approved Special Class and "A" Class contractors on plain papers to be eventually drawn in P.W.D. Form No. F.2, for the construction of staff quarters, costing approximately Rs. 25 lakhs, in the new capital at Bhubaneswar, B. N. Rly., Orissa.

Quarters are to be built with the best laterite stone available within about 2 miles from the construction site in cement mortar. All wood work is to be of the best seasoned local Orissa or C.P. Teak. The roofing will be of Reinforced Cement Concrete. Steel and cement will be supplied by Government.

The schedule of items, quantities and rates along with plans and specifications can be seen in the office of the undersigned on any working day between the hours of 7 A.M. and 12 Noon. The period of completion will be six months from the date of written order to start. Last date for receiving the tenders is May 24th, 1948, 11 A.M.

All tenders must be accompanied by treasury challan or demand draft on the Imperial Bank or any schedule bank at the rate of Rs. 2% of estimated cost.

Any other information may be obtained from the undersigned.

H. S. KAHAI,
Superintending Engineer.
Central Circle.
Bhubaneswar

8397

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

WE HAVE PLEASURE in announcing that on May 1st, 1948, a new Sub-Agency of the Bank was opened at:—

64, QUEENSWAY, NEW DELHI.

8395

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai PIROJBAI SORARJI VELINKAR has contracted with our client for the absolute sale to him free from encumbrances the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim of whatsoever nature in or to the said property are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, if any, and the same will be treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground of the pension and tax tenure togetner with the building standing thereon, situate at 1st Bnatwadi Street (formerly known as Hathodiwadi Street, on the Breach Candy Road) without the Fort of Bomay in the City and Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 155 4/9 square yards or thereabouts (less the portion thereof which has recently been acquired for set-back purposes) and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 267, New No. 1849, Old Survey No. 574 and New Survey No. 7899 and Cadastral Survey No. 1401 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward No. 352 Street No. 26.

Dated this 3rd day of May, 1948.

KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

8398

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Summary Suit No. 3908 of 1947

JAYANTILAL LAVJI GANDHI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Matunga, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff

versus

TULSIDAS VRAJLAL BHUTTA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Thakurdwar, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant

To,
TULSIDAS VRAJLAL BHUTTA, Esqr.,

The abovenamed Defendant.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant under Rule 2 of Order 37 of the Code of Civil Procedure for Rs. 10,198-5-6 with interest on Rs. 8,594-10-0 at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from 22nd November, 1947, till judgment, being the balance of the promissory note dated 2nd December, 1944, passed by you in favour of the Plaintiff in respect of the amount misappropriated by you, you are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you, within ten days from the publication hereof in default whereof the Plaintiff will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a Decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 10,198-5-6 with interest as aforesaid and the sum of Rs. 250|- for costs.

Witness MAHOMEDALI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 1st day of December, 1947.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

A. R. NARAYAN IYYER,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs. DINKARRAO & PAREKH,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

8387

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

Under instructions from the officer-in-charge of the Office concerned, M/s BENNETT & CO., will to-morrow THURSDAY, 6th inst. at 11 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at 75, Apollo Street, Fort, above M/s. Mistry & Co., Auctioneers, 1st Floor office furniture such as Writing Desks, Counter, Counter Chairs, revolving Chairs Godrej and other steel cupboards, steel filing cabinets, Central Safe, E. Ceiling fans, Partitions, Writing tables, etc. On view between 11 and 5.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 FAIRMILES CRAFT with 2 600 H.P. Engines each, by order of The Regional Disposals Commissioner, on 13-5-48, at 11 a.m. (S.T.), at Trombay Jetty. Terms: Full cash, Sales Tax, delivery by 7-6-48. For particulars apply:—

CRAWFORD & CO.,
132, Apollo Street.

AUCTION SALES

Under instructions from the B.B. & C.I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the India Railways Act No. IX of 1890, MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 5th May, 1948 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at Carnac Bridge, Goods Depot. Unclaimed unbooked and booked packages such as machinery, drums, iron and Wooden articles, medicine, wooden casks, etc., etc.

MENESSE & CO.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Established — December, 1911)

Authorised Capital	Rs.	6,30,00,000
Issued Capital	Rs.	5,77,50,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs.	5,76,05,570
Paid-up Capital	Rs.	3,14,21,220
Reserve & Other Funds	Rs.	3,53,04,000
Deposits as at 31-12-47	Rs.	1,23,15,37,000

Head Office:—
Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay

DIRECTORS:

Sir Homi Mody, K.B.E., (Chairman), Dinshaw D. Romer, Esquire, Vithaldas Kanji, Esquire, Bapuji Dadabhoy Lam, Esquire, Dharamsey Muljaj Khatau, Esquire, Sir Ardeshir Dalal, K.C.I.E. H. F. Commissariat, Esquire, Cooverji Hormasji Bhabha, Esquire, Manmohandas Madhavdas Amersey, Esquire

LONDON AGENTS: Barclays Bank Limited and Midland Bank Limited.

NEW YORK AGENTS:— The Guaranty Trust Co., of New York and the Chase National Bank of the City of New York.

Banking business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. C. CAPTAIN
Managing Director

A. N. Mukerjee.
TENT & UMBRELLA MANUFACTURER
9 SHAMLAL ST CALCUTTA-4

CONQUER CONSTIPATION

GREATEST SOURCE OF ILL HEALTH

The greatest enemy to health is constipation—sluggish bowels. It causes so many other serious ills, robs you of vigour, vitality, and spoils your life. But doctors have proved that you can banish constipation by taking Bile Beans, the world-famous tonic-laxative.

Containing ten valuable ingredients Bile Beans cleanse your system of impurities and so remove the cause of liverishness, biliousness, sick headaches flatulence, loss of energy, depression, & other common ailments. Purely vegetable Bile Beans tone you up and purify your blood. They restore fitness and vigour and keep you youthfully slim. Start taking Bile Beans to-night and see how much orighter you are.

Medicine Dealers everywhere sell Bile Beans.

AGENTS: MESSRS. KEMP & CO., LTD.,
P. O. BOX 937, BOMBAY.

RINGWORM & SKIN DISEASES

"SAPAT LOTION"

A specific remedy for ringworm, Eczema and allied skin disease. Unrivalled since 50 years Beware of imitation

SAPAT LOTION

SAPAT & CO.,
Dept., 4B-8, BOMBAY, 2

Service to Motorist

ARE YOU A *Super* DRIVER?

SECOND of a series designed to test the knowledge of experienced drivers and at the same time, educate the not-so-expert.

QUIZ

4 TAKING CORNERS

Which of the following is the best method of taking a corner and minimising the chances of a skid ?

A. Taking your foot off the accelerator.
B. Reducing speed before approaching the corner and continuing under moderate power.
C. Changing to a lower gear after reducing speed.

5 SCREAMING TYRES

Your tortured tyres scream when rounding a curve because :-

A. Your speed is too great for the curve ?
B. Your tyres are underinflated ?

6 STEERING

Which of the following faults would you consider responsible if your car pulls to one side as you come to a stop ?

A. Worn steering bushes.
B. Excessive "whip" in differential gears.
C. Worn or badly adjusted brakes.
D. Loose steering gear.

ANSWERS: 4B for normal corners, 4C for acute corners; 5 either A, B or BOTH; 6C. Whatever your Quiz score, you do not have to be a SUPER DRIVER to know that good driving rests on good tyres. . .

INDIA *Super* TYRES

INDIA TYRE AND RUBBER COMPANY (INDIA) LTD.

Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, and edited by S. Natarajan.